Bedford Gazette.

VOLUME 56. Freedom of Thought and Opinion. WHOLE NUMBER, 2898.

NEW SERIES. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1860. VOL. 3. NO. 38.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
BY B. F. MEYERS,

At the following terms, to wit:
$1.50 per annum, cash, in advance.
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I WUD NOT DIE IN WINTUR, &c.

BY THE ORTHUR OV "THORTS ON A FADED BOKA."

I wud knott dye in Wintur,
When whiskie punchiz flo—
When pooty gals are skatin
O'er fields ov Ice and sno—
When sassidge meets is phrying
And hickeri knutts is thick;
Owe! who kud think ov dighing,
Or even gitting sick?

I wud knott dye in Spring-time,
And miss the turn-up greans,
And the pooty song of the leatle frawgs,
And the skigh-lark's arly skreems,
When burds begin their wobbling,
And taters 'gin to sprout,
When turkies go a goblering,
I wud knott then peg out.

I wud knott dye in summer,
And leve the garding sars—
The rosted lam an butter-milk—
The kool place in the grars;
I wud knott dye in summer,
When everything's so hott,
And leve the whiskie jew-lips—
Owe kno! I'd rather knott.

I wud knott dye in Ortum,
With peeches fitt for eeting;
When the wavy korn is gitting wripe,
And kandidates are treating.
Phor these and other reasons,
Ide knott dye in the phall;
And sense I've thort it over,
I wud knott dye at all.

PREACHING IN THE FAR WEST.

The same contrariety that leads cripples to become porters and walking postmen, and deaf men to fill the situation of Boots at our inns, has not seldom imbued blind persons with a passion for travel. Over the last class, the Rev. William Henry Milburn, of the United States, may certainly claim present pre-eminence. He is not, indeed, altogether sightless: the right eye retains the smallest possible transparent spot, not much larger than a pin's point, in the corner of the pupil, through which the light may make its way; "though, to make this fraction of an eye available, it is necessary to use a shade above the eye, and to place the middle finger of the right hand beneath it, thus forming a sort of artificial pupil, allowing only the due quantity of light to enter." Nevertheless, since, before this accident (which was occasioned by an oyster shell thrown by a school companion,) he had fortunately learned to read, he became, under these disadvantageous circumstances, a greedy devourer of books, and accomplished student of the university of Illinois: an *alma mater* which may boast, with truth, of the rare virtue of never having conferred the title of D. D. on any unworthy object, inasmuch as throughout its five-and-twenty years' existence, it has never had occasion to confer it at all.

The Milburns were driven from Philadelphia by commercial shipwreck, in 1837, and of course found the capital of the far West to be a great deal cheaper place to live in. Some of the aborigines, however, complained, it seems, of its prices, low as they were, and were thus, in Mr. Milburn's hearing, reproved by a female eggseller: "What! do ye s'pose our hens are gwine to strain theirselves a-laying eggs at three cents a dozen? Lay 'em yourself, and see how you'd like the price." Although, indeed, he could not see very well, the author of *Ten Years of Preachers-life* had powers of observation greater than those of most men with perfect eyes, and suffered absolutely nothing to escape his ears. Having embraced the profession of preacher in the Wesleyan Methodist connection, he was appointed to the Winchester circuit, consisting of some thirty preaching-places—some of them chapels, more of them log-school houses, most of them private dwellings—at an average of some ten miles apart. He had to preach a sermon a day, and make his three-hundred-mile round thirteen times a year. Thus he got acquainted with almost every man, woman and child within his beat, and a school opened to him for studying human nature which he would scarcely have found elsewhere. The privilege, however, seems to have formed his principal reward, since of pecuniary recompense he had only four hundred dollars per annum. We do not wonder that, with such a miserable stipend, a young man in the same position as himself—a "helper in the ministry"—was once convicted at the quarterly Conference, of the practice of "swopping-horses," in order to make both ends meet. All the charges against this juvenile preacher were characteristically rebuffed. First, that he could not preach; second, that he was attentive to all the girls around the circuit, and third that he was constantly engaged in swopping horses. In defending himself, he stated, first, that he knew, as well as any of them, that he could not preach, and he was sure it did not trouble them as it did him; second, that they need not be alarmed about his attention to the girls, for he would not think of marrying the daughter of any man present; and third, as to trading horses, what else was to be done? they paid him nothing and he had no other way of making money enough to buy his clothes."

The discipline of this Western Church is rather rough when compared with that of Oxford and Cambridge, and the method of imparting the art of extempore preaching seems somewhat analogous to that of teaching our dogs to swim. The neophyte was "chucked in," and had to land himself how he could in this fashion. "William, exhort!" cried the presiding elder quite unexpectedly, one meeting night, to our young author, who had never before opened his mouth in public. "I had no resource but to stand up, frightened as I was almost to death, behind my split-bottom chair, in lieu of a pulpit, in front of the huge fireplace, and attempt to speak by the light of the smouldering embers, and one or two candles fast sinking to their sockets, to the crowd of hunters and farmers filling the cabin, who gaped and stared at a pallid, beardless boy. Of course, words were few, and ideas fewer, and on resuming my seat, I had the uncomfortable impression that that congregation had listened to about as poor a discourse as ever was delivered. Such was my first attempt at preaching."

The bishops of this community, although much respected, seem to obtain by no means an unanswering obedience from their subordinates. One of these was explaining to his diocesan that he practiced medicine (which had been made a ground of complaint against him) only for the good of his flock. "Now, Mr. Bishop, you know that we are commanded to do good to the bodies as well as the souls of men. If I were traveling in a region where the doctors were scarce, and were to find a man in a bad spell of bilious fever, ye know I would throw him into a sweat, then give him a dose of lobelia or thoroughwort"—

"No, sir,' interrupted the bishop rather haughtily; "no, brother, I do not know, and, what is more, I do not care, what you would do."

"Very well sir, very well," retorted the other; "you have as good a right to live and die a fool as any other man."

Another preacher, remarkable for his humor as well as his godliness, was reproved by his superior for indulging in such drollery as set the sober Methodist Conference in a roar.

"Brother," inquired he in a monitory tone, "do you think you are growing in grace?"

"Yes, Bishop," was the reply; I think I am *in spots*?"

This man was no less than the celebrated Peter Cartwright, an apostle exactly fitted for those scenes wherein he wrought his mission out so well.

He had then been a backwoods preacher for nearly forty years, ranging the country from the Lakes to the Gulf, and from the Alleghanies to the Mississippi. He was inured to every form of hardship and had looked calmly at peril of every kind—the tomahawk of the Indian, the spring of the panther, the hug of the bear, the sweep of the tornado, the rush of swollen torrents, and the fearful chasm of the earthquake. He had lain in the canebrake, and made his bed upon the snow of the prairie, and on the oozy soil of the swamp, and had wandered hunger-bitten amid the solitude of mountains. He had been in jeopardy among robbers, and in danger from desperadoes who had sworn to take his life. He had preached in the cabin of the slave, and in the cabin of the master; to the Indians, and to the men of the border. He had taken his life in his hand, and ridden in the path of whizzing bullets, that he might proclaim peace. He had stood on the outskirts of civilization, and welcomed the first comers to the woods and prairies. At the command of Him who said,—"Go into all the world," he had roamed through the wilderness; as a discipline of the man who said: "The world is my parish." His travels had equalled the limits of an empire. All this he had done without hope of fee or reward; not to enrich himself or his posterity, but as a preacher of righteousness in the service of God and his fellow men. Everywhere he had confronted wickedness, and rebuked it; every form of vice had shrunk abashed from his irresistible sarcasm and ridicule, or quivered beneath the fiery look of his indignant invective.

This was a hero whom no church—and indeed no man worth his salt—would venture to despise or make light of: and since the thews of Anak, it would have been a dangerous thing to do so. He, on his part, was by no means wanting in the exaction of such respect as was due to him. A room had once been reserved for him at the Irving House, in New York: but having arrived there late at night, the sleepy hotel clerk did not recognize his name in the somewhat illegible characters which the backwoodsman inscribed in the registers-book, nor Cartwright himself in the farmer-like-looking man before him. The great preacher was therefore lodged very high up, and immediately under the tile.

The patronizing servant explained to the traveller the use of the various articles in the room, and said, on leaving, pointing to the bell-rope: If you want any thing, you can just pull that, and somebody will come up.

The old gentleman waited until the servant had had time to descend, and then gave the rope a furious jerk. Up came the servant, bounding two or three steps at a time, and was amazed at the reply in answer to his "What will you have sir?"

"How are you all coming on down below? It is such a way from here to there, that a body can have no notion even of the weather where you are."

The servant assured him that all was going on well, and was dismissed; but had scarcely reached the office before another strenuous pull at the bell was given. The bell in the City Hall had struck a fire-alarm, and the firemen, with their apparatus, were hurrying with confused noises, along the street.

"What's wanting, sir?" said the irritated servant.

"What's all this hulla-balloo? said the stranger.

"Only a fire, sir."

"A fire, sir!" shouted the other. "Do you want us all to be burned up?" knowing well enough the fire was not on the premises.

"The servant assured him of the distance of the conflagration, and that all was safe, and again descended. A third furious pull at the bell, and the almost breathless servant again made his appearance at the door.

"Bring me a hatchet," said the traveller, in a peremptory tone.

"A hatchet, sir!" said the astonished waiter.

"Yes, a hatchet." "What for sir?"

"That's none of your business; go and fetch me a hatchet."

The servant descended, and informed the clerk that, in his private opinion, that old chap was crazy, and that he intended to commit suicide, or to kill some one in the house, for he wanted a hatchet.

The clerk, with some trepidation, ventured to the room beneath the leads, and having presented himself, said, in his blandest tone, "I beg your pardon, sir, but what was it you wanted?"

"A hatchet," said the imperious stranger.

"A hatchet," sir, really; but what for? said the other.

"What for! Why, look here, stranger.—You see I'm not accustomed to these big houses, and it's such a journey from this to where you are, that I might get lost. Now, its my custom when I am in a strange country, to blaze my way. We cut notches in the trees, and call that blazing, and we can then always find our way back again. So I thought if I had a hatchet, I'd just go out and blaze the corners from this to your place, and then I would be able to find my way back."

"I beg your pardon sir," said the mystified clerk; "but what's your name sir? I could not read it very well on the book."

"My name," replied the other; "certainly; my debts are all paid, and my will is made—my name is Peter Cartwright, at your service."

"O, Mr. Cartwright," responded the other, "I beg you ten thousand pardons. We have a room for you, sir, on the second floor—the best room in the house. This way, sir, if you please."

"All right," said the old gentleman; that's all I wanted."

Mr. Milburn's modesty causes him to dwell in general upon the doings of others rather than upon his own, but one very remarkable and praiseworthy act of his he is obliged to tell. It happened that our author had been appointed agent to collect subscriptions for a certain good work, by the Conference, but without any salary save ten per cent of what he might get out of the pockets of the benevolent. As what he got, however, was nothing, the ten per cent was not worth speaking of, and on one occasion he found himself aboard a Cincinnatti steamboat, absolutely without a single cent in his pocket. In the same company were several eminent members of Congress, who played cards night and day, drank immoderately, and swore in a manner to rasp the good preacher's ears considerably. Accordingly, when a fog came on, which prevented passengers landing to spend the Sabbath, Mr. Milburn was asked to preach, he concluded his discourse to a numerous congregation of a far higher grade than he had been accustomed to address, with the most fearful denunciations of this unsenatorial conduct.

"I must tell you that, as an American citizen I feel disgraced by your behaviour; as a preacher of the gospel, I am commissioned to tell you that, unless you renounce your evil courses, repent of your sins, and believe upon the Lord Jesus Christ with hearts unto righteousness, you will certainly be damned."

While cogitating, in his state cabin, over the bomb-shell he had just been casting, there was a tap at the door. A gentleman entered who said: "I have been requested to wait upon you by the members of Congress on board, who have had a meeting since the close of the religious exercises. They desire me to present you with this purse of money"—handing me between fifty and a hundred dollars—"as a token of their appreciation of your sincerity and fearlessness in reproving them for their misconduct; they have also desired me to ask if you will allow your name to be used at the coming election for Chaplain to Congress. If you will consent to this, they are ready to assure you an honorable election."

No political appointment, perhaps, was ever earned more honorably than this. It is not to be wondered at, that so brave a man as Milburn dares to speak out manfully his sentiments concerning Slavery. He is content to urge the right of persons of color to be instructed in the Christian religion, and there to stop. Indeed, he takes an almost malicious pleasure in reciting the following experience of his own. In crossing the Alleghanies from Chambersburg, eight passengers had been allotted to the stage wherein he was about to travel.

An old colored woman was anxious to be the ninth, but objection had been raised. She declared with tears in her eyes, that she had been waiting for several days to get a seat; that although she had her ticket, they had been unable to carry her, the stages having been crowded with through passengers; that now her money was spent, and she must go home to her daughter. A stout Missourian who was to be of our company, swore roundly that he "wouldn't ride with a nigger, and that she shouldn't go." Touched by the old woman's condition, I said to him quietly: "My friend, what right have you to interfere? Her ticket is as good as yours, and she has as much right to a seat as you have." "No," he said, "she is a nigger, and I am white; and I'll whip any man that says she has as good a right to have, or insists upon taking her along." "Then," said I, "you can whip me, for I say she shall go." The idea of a giant whipping a pigmy was too preposterous. It raised a laugh against him, and he submitted, because ridicule was more potent than reason. . . . I tried to take good care of my *protege*, giving her money to provide food at her various halts, and in every way sought to promote her comfort. As we went rattling down the streets of Pittsburg, late in the second night, I threw open the curtain on my side of the coach, and sat looking out into the night, through which the street lamps struggled, with the indefinable curiosity and awe one always experiences in entering a strange city late at night, and the prospect of a good bed and quiet hotel, when I was suddenly roused from my reverie by a violent blow on my side, delivered by my old dame, as she screamed in anger: "Lean up! lean up! what you takin' all der winder for? Don't you 'spose pussons ob cullerhab dere rights as well as you good-for-nothing whites? I wants to see de scenery too." I believe it was the verdict of my fellow-passengers, that I received what I had deserved.

There is neither rectory-house nor manse for the travelling preacher of Illinois; he depends solely upon the native hospitality or Christian feeling of the inhabitants of that scantily populated region, and rarely fails to find a ready, though often rough accomodation. Nevertheless, it seems scarcely a tour to take one's wife in the honeymoon, as Rev. William Henry Milburn did, rather, as we should think, to the lady's astonishment. Upon arriving at a settlement, his custom was to tell the driver to take them to the door of the Methodist who lived in the largest and most comfortable dwelling.

"Halloo, the house," cried I. "Halloo yourself; what do you want?" was the reply. "I am traveling with my wife, and learning that the quarters at the hotel are bad, have come to get some supper, and spend a part of the night with you." As I said this, I was making the word good by getting out of the wagon. The man of the house came striding towards the gate saying in an angry tone: "Look here, stranger we don't keep a tavern; and if you're a traveler, you must put up with traveler's fare, and go to the hotel." "Don't be so savage," said I; "have you never heard the saying, 'Be not forgetful to entertain strangers; for some have thereby entertained angels unawares?'" "O, ho," said he, "that sounds like preaching; you ain't a preacher, are you?" I intimated that I was, and mentioned my name. Eyeing me from head to foot, he exclaimed: "Well, I never! Who would have taken such a poor, little, dried-up specimen, as you are, for *him*?"

At two in the morning, the happy pair were again seated in their miserable wagon, "with no protection from the driving rain, but a tow linen cover, through which the water dripped in showers. We had been overtaken by a furious equinoctial storm, which begun about midnight, and our plight was pitiable enough.—The temperature had fallen about forty degrees, the night was pitchy dark, only relieved by frequent flashes of lightning, most vivid, and sometimes appalling, instantly followed by sharp and stunning reports of thunder. But the flashes helped to light our driver on his way or would have done so, had they not showed the whole prairie a pool of water. After a time we reached a little belt of timber, indicating our approach to a creek. As we crossed the bridge, we heard the now swollen torrent rushing through a deep ravine, when the broad glare revealed our position.

"By Jove!" shouted the driver with glee, "weren't that lucky? a half a minute more, and we'd have been all smashed. I never was nearer going over a bridge; half an inch more and we'd been over, and then salt would not ha' saved us." To the rather timid question of my wife as to whether there was any more bad bridges to cross before daylight, he replied: "O yes, several; but you mustn't be skeered; we must all die some time, you know!"

Surely not even the most "muscular Christian" women could be expected to like journeys of this kind; and, indeed, however glorious may be the state of matrimony for a divine in Great Britain, we can scarcely think it suited to peripatetic theologians in the far West.—We ourselves, however, are all gratitude to Mr. Milburn for having experienced these adventures which he has described so well. He has not only aroused in us a warm personal interest in himself, but a sincere respect for that hardworking and enthusiastic body of men of which he is a member. The hardships which they undergo, however, are endured with their eyes open, while our unfortunate author scarce knew whither he rode, he was so blind.

"I therefore set to work to educate my senses, thinking that if an Arab, an Indian, or a half-savage backwoodsman could bring his perceptions to such precision, keenness, and delicacy, why might not I? It became a matter of pride to conceal my defective vision, to make up for the want of eyesight by the superior activity of the other faculties. The foot almost as delicate as the hand, and the cheek wellnigh as sensitive to atmospheric impression as the ear to accoustic vibrations.—By reason of the difficulties which encompassed it, traveling became an art, involving in its practice many elements of science. If I preserved the air and seeming of a man with two good eyes, my step had to be as cautious and well considered as an Indian's on the war-path, and my dislike of being recognized by strangers as partially blind, was almost as great as his dread of detection by an enemy. Selfdependence delights in obstacles. There was a pleasure in scouring strange regions alone; and although I have often had my face severely cut by thorny branches while riding through the woods, and have been frequently obliged to hold my right hand in front of my face, the elbow extended to the right, and the riding whip to the left, for hours together, as a protection to the upper part of the person, fatigue and wounds were alike accepted as a part of the salutary discipline. Boarding a steamer in the middle of the river, after night, by means of a yawl, after having descended a steep, slippery bank, with no assistance but from a cane, gave me quiet satisfaction. To roam about a strange city, and make myself master of its sidewalks, gutters and crossings, and become familiar with all its localities, thus qualifying myself to be a guide for others, was a favorite pastime. There was hardly a large town of the country in which I do not know the shortest way between any two given points. Self-conceit was gratified when, on being introduced to people who had heard of me, they exclaimed, 'Why, I thought you could not see very well!' Mere walking was an intellectual exercise, and the mind found constant amusement in solving the physical problems which were ever demanding instant settlement; as, for example, giving the sound of a footfall, to find the nature and distance of the object from which it reverberated; or the space betwixt yourself and the gutter you are approaching; or, amid the Babel of crowded thoroughfares, to ascertain by your ear when it will be safe for you to cross, and how long a time the rush of hurrying vehicles will allow you."

Interesting as all this is, it is pleasant to have to tell, in conclusion, that those estimable blessings, "wife, children and friends," have now rendered the exercise of these singular faculties no longer necessary to our author.—He has exchanged them for the kind offices of those who love him; and moves about the street of Montgomery—his now settled home—with his hand always clasped in that of one or another of his children, "who are as watchful and tender towards me," he touchingly writes, "as though they were parent and I the child."
—*Chambers' Journal.*

OILY LETTER FROM THE OILY SPRINGS.

As the Oil Springs in Trumbull county, Ohio, are exciting a great deal of interest, we prevailed upon a fat contributor to go down there last week, in order that we may furnish our readers with an authentic account of the locality. We have received the following unctious letter:—

MR. EDITOR:—Everything about here is so greasy and oily, it is with extreme difficulty I can write at all. My pen slips out of my fingers and there is an oily scum on the ink; the paper is fairly transparent and I slosh around in my chair in a very unpleasant manner. Patience and perseverance (sweet oil is unnecessary here,) will however, overcome many obstacles.

An oily Track.—I arrived here at a very late hour last night, on an oil train, and might as well have come on *train oil*, as we were sixteen hours behind time. All trains are behind time here, I learn, owing to the accumulation of oil on the track on this end of the road. The oil fries out of the ground and lubricates the rails for a great distance. We shouldn't have arrived here at all if the passengers hadn't got out and sprinkled the track with their cigar ashes.

I slipped out of bed (nobody "arises" here; we all *slip* into bed and *slip* out,) at an early hour this morning, and began investigations. I found a section embracing fourteen thousand acres of land chuck full of oil springs.

How the Women fry Doughnuts.—Drilling is unnecessary here, as the oil boils up in springs, sometimes to the height of twenty-five feet, and is caught in tin pails as it comes down. On a hot day, I am told, it is no unusual thing to see the women frying dough-nuts in these jets of oil. The balls of dough are dropped into the jets, where they are allowed to toss about like corks in a fountain, until they are fried by the heat of the sun.

Slippery Elm.—The only species of tree which abounds here is the slippery elm. These trees are so slippery that a squirrel can't climb them without dipping his paws in Spalding's Prepared Glue, a small bottle of which he always carries about his neck. There are a few maple trees here, but no sugar is made, as nothing but oil runs out when they are tapped.

A River of Oil.—There is one considerable sized creek running in Trumbull county, which is all oil. It was discovered a short time ago in a singular manner. Three boys went in bathing and when they came out, were so greasy that they couldn't stay in their clothes. As fast as they would slip them on they would slip off again, and one of the lads, in a heedless moment, narrowly escaped slipping out of his skin. On reaching home, their parents being exceedingly frugal, wrung them out, and extracted about fourteen gallons of pure oil from the three boys! Fact. A company are erecting a large candle factory on the banks of the river preparing to dip candles in it.

Amusements.—The principal amusements here are climbing greased poles and catching oiled pigs, the necessary appliances being constantly on hand. Sliding down hill is popular among all classes during the summer time. This is effected without sleds, on a hill of solid tallow, just back of the tavern. As I write, laughter rich and gushing, is wafted to my window from a number of the beauties of "Bower's Corners," as they sweetly dissolve down the sides of that melting slope.

Greased Lightning.—There was a thunder storm this afternoon, and as the electric fluid ran down one of those slippery elms I told you of, I was treated to my first view of "greased lightning." It is quite common here, they say. Thunder is divested of all its harsh intentions by the minute particles of oil which fill the air and grease the whole of Jove's noisy chariot.

If any of your readers think I have "cut it fat," in this letter, let them visit the Oil Springs and see for themselves.

Yours, truly, FAT CONTRIBUTOR.
Sandusky (Ohio) Register.

☞"Say, Cæsar Augustus, why are your legs like an organ-grinder's?" "Don't know, Mr. Sugarloaf; why is they?" "'Cause they carry a monkey about the streets." A brick grazed the head of Mr. Sugarloaf just as his ears disappeared round the corner.

CAUGHT IN HIS OWN TRAP.

A girl, young and pretty, but above all gifted with an air of adorable candor, lately presented herself before a certain Parisian lawyer.

"Monsieur, I came to consult you on a grave affair. I want to oblige a man I love, to marry me in spite of himself. How shall I proceed?"

The gentleman of the bar had, of course, a sufficiently elastic conscience. He reflected a moment, then being sure that no third person overheard him, replied unhesitatingly:

"Mademoiselle, according to our law, you always possess the means of forcing a man to marry you. You must remain on three occasions alone with him, so that you can go before a judge and swear that he is your lover."

"And that will suffice, Monsieur?"

"Yes, Mademoiselle, with one further condition."

"Well?"

"That you will produce witnesses who will make an oath to having seen you remain a good quarter of an hour with the individual said to have trifled with your affections."

"Very well, Monsieur, I will retain you as counsel in the management of this affair. Good day."

A few days afterwards the young girl returned. She was mysteriously received by the lawyer, who, scarcely giving her time to seat herself, questioned her with the most lively curiosity.

"Well, Mademoiselle, how do matters prosper?"

"Capital!"

"Persevere in your designs, Mademoiselle, but mind the next time you come to consult me, you must tell me what the name of the young man is, that we are going to render so happy in spite of himself."

"You shall have it without fail, Monsieur."

A fortnight afterwards, the young person, more *naive* and candid than ever, knocked discreetly at the door of her counsel's room. No sooner was she in the room, than she flung herself into a chair, saying that she had mounted the stairs too rapidly, and that the emotion made her breathless. Her counsel endeavored to re-assure her, made her inhale salts and even proposed to release her garments.

"It is useless," said she, "I am much better."

"Well, Mademoiselle, now tell me the name of the fortunate mortal you are going to ex-"

"Well, the fortunate mortal, be it known to you, is—yourself," said the young beauty, bursting into a laugh. "I love you, I have been three times *tete a tete* with you, and my four witnesses are below, ready and willing to accompany me to the magistrate," gravely continued the narrator.

The lawyer, thus fairly caught, had the good sense not to get angry. The most singular fact of all is that he adores his young wife, who, by the way, makes an excellent housekeeper.

☞The "Marriage Belles" tintinabulate in the hymeneal lists of our exchanges in this fashion:

Married in ——— county, North Carolina, by Rev. ———, Captain Graves, to Miss Nancy Graves.

The graves, 'tis said,
Will yield their dead,
When the last trump shakes the skies;
But if God please,
From graves like these,
A dozen living folks may rise.

In Erie, Mr. Henry Wiser to Miss Lucretia Head.

Wisely did Henry Wiser wed,
In Erie town Lucretia Head,
'Tis hoped that he may richly prize her,
For tho' she's lost her Head, she's Wiser.

A Virginia paper records the marriage of Miss Jane Lemon to Mr. Ebenezer Sweet, whereupon our "devil" moralizes as follows:

How happy the extremes do meet
In Jane and Ebenezer;
For she's no longer sour, but sweet,
And he's a lemon-squeezer.

Here is a brief, but pointed "essay on man:"

At ten, a bud; at twenty, wild;
At thirty, tame, if ever;
At forty, wise; at fifty, rich;
At sixty, good, or never.

Here is an essay on woman:

At ten, a bud; at twenty, in bloom;
At thirty, married, if ever;
At forty, mother; at fifty, aunt;
At sixty, the probability is that the old lady is something the worse for the wear.

☞A good-looking young lady recently entered a dyer's shop, and thus accosted him:—"You are the man that dyes, are you not?"—"No," replied the gallant, "I'm the man that lives; but I'll die for you."

☞On a tombstone in a churchyard in Ulster, Ireland, is the following epitaph:—"Erected to the memory of John Phillips, accidentally shot as a mark of affection by his brother."

☞We visited a school the other day, and among the many bright and happy scholars we noticed one who was, to speak figuratively, "a perfect brick." "Paul," said the teacher, "was Moses ever married?" "I guess not," answered Paul, "for the Bible don't say anything about *Mrs. Moses*."

☞The great wrong of society is in listening to every idle rumor—every malignant report—every vindictive "hear say" which may have been set a going, whether such a rumor affects the integrity of a man, or the honor of a woman.

☞She that marries a man because he is a "good match," must not be surprised if he turns out a "Lucifer."

☞A Yankee in Iowa has just taught ducks to swim in hot water, and with such success that they lay boiled eggs.

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, April 20, 1860.

B. F. Meyers, Editor and Proprietor.

FOR GOVERNOR:

HENRY D. FOSTER,

OF WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

"The principle of the tariff of 1842, as far as related to the manufacture of IRON, of any description, or of every description, was NOT TOO HIGH."— *HENRY D. FOSTER.*

RATIFICATION MEETING!

A grand Mass Meeting of the Democracy of Bedford county, will be held at the Court House, in Bedford, on MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 30th, for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of HON. HENRY D. FOSTER, and of endorsing and approving the proceedings of the recent State Convention at Reading.—Foster men, to the rescue!

By order of the Dem. Co. Com.

O. E. SHANNON, Chairman.

April 5th, 1860.

Money Wanted.

We *must* and *will* have our accounts settled up to the time of the dissolution of the late firm of Meyers & Benford. We have treated our delinquent friends leniently, thus far, but there is a time when forbearance ceases to be a virtue. If you cannot pay the whole of your bill, pay half of it. If you cannot pay half of it, pay as much as you can. If you can't pay at all, let us know, so that we mark you "complimentary."

COVODE'S "SMELLING COMMITTEE."

In our issue of week before last, we published the Message of President BUCHANAN, protesting against the one-sided, partizan procedure of trying the Executive by a Committee headed, directed and moulded by his accuser. The President has acted manfully and properly in insisting on his rights. He does not shrink from investigation; he does not ask that his public conduct shall be screened from the scrutiny of those who have the right to examine it; he only denies that his *accuser, the man who indicts him,* has the right to sit in judgment upon his actions. He is ready for a fair trial, in the manner prescribed by the Constitution. Let his enemies bring on their impeachment and try him at the bar of the Senate, as the Constitution provides. Let them make their charges specifically against him, if they have any to make, instead of endeavoring by sneaking insinuations and ambiguous hints and inuendoes, to damage the character of a pure and innocent man. They are defied! Let them bring their impeachment if they dare!

Covode's "Smelling Committe," as it is aptly termed, is fast falling into discredit even with the Black Republicans. The New York *Tribune* thinks Covode is "running things into the ground." The fact is that Greely, who knows that the Fremont men spent $100,000 to carry Pennsylvania, in 1856, is getting frightened at Covode's greeuness and audacity. He is afraid lest the Democrats turn the tables on the far-smelling John, and show up the corrupt schemes of the Black Republicans. We give Greely's article entire in this connexion, and would respectfully suggest that the Bedford Abolition organ copy it as a commentary on the columns of *stuff* it publishes concerning Congressional investigations. The "Republicans" hereabouts swear by Greely; will they be consistent enough to endorse him also when he speaks as follows?

[From the N. Y. Tribune.]

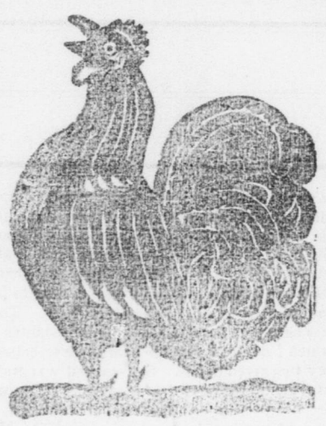
"RIGHT AGAINST PREROGATIVE.—The House Committee of Investigation, whereof Mr. Covode, of Pennsylvania, is Chairman, insists, we learn, that Mr. Augustus Schell, of this city, shall produce and deliver a list in his possession of contributors in this city to the fund raised here to carry Pennsylvania for Buchanan at the October election in 1856. The Committee, it is understood, propose to invoke the power of the House to coerce Mr. Schell to produce the paper demanded. If they do this, we trust the House will pause and consider well before taking the action required. Mr. Schell, though now Collector of this Port, was a private citizen in 1856; those who contributed the money he raised for the Pennsylvania canvass were likewise mainly private citizens. It is not even in evidence that the money was used improperly, though we presume a good part of it was; there is of course no shadow of proof that it was contributed by public officers, or that it came, however circuitously, out of the Federal Treasury. By what right then, under what color of reason, do the Committee undertake to constrain Mr. Schell to give up this private paper and blazon to the world the names of private citizens under circumstances calculated to expose them to odium? If they have been guilty of conspiracy or corruption, why not indict and try them? If the object is to fish out evidence on which to base a prosecution, we object that the mode is illegal, unconstitutional, and the whole procedure fraught with danger to the rights of every citizen.

We speak thus freely, because the subject is of the gravest importance, while our relation to the parties in conflict enables us to do so without exposure to misapprehension. Mr. Schell and his contributors are our political adversaries; the Committee who are pressing them to the wall, are our political friends. But right is right, and this procedure seems to us quite another thing. It is an attempt to make party capital by an abuse of power—a dangerous stretch of a doubtful prerogative.

The fact may as well be stated, that this whole business of developing political scandal by legislative investigations has already been about run into the ground. Intelligent, fair-minded men are growing sick of it. In so far as public functionaries and other recipients of public money are required to give an account of their dealings with the Treasury, we uphold the claim to the fullest extent. Even this may be abused; but it is a salutary, conservative power, and we rejoice in seeing it fearlessly, searchingly exercised. But dragging private citizens or those who were private citizens when the acts as to which inquest is made were committed, before Investigating Committees, to be catechised in secret, under circumstances which secure them no protection against insult, nor against the most inquisitorial and impertinent peering and prying into their private concerns, will not answer. It must be either strictly limited or utterly stopped."

MORE DEMOCRATIC VICTORIES!

Crow louder, still, old chanticleer!



The tide of Democratic triumphs still rolls onward. We have redeemed one of the firmest Black Republican states in the Union,

WISCONSIN,

which, since the advent of Know-Nothingism, has invariably cast her vote for the Opposition. The contest in this state was fought purely on political grounds, the question being the supremacy of the U. S. courts and the constitutionality of the Fugitive Slave Law. LUTHER S. DIXON, Democrat, has been elected, on this issue, Chief Justice of Wisconsin, by upwards of 5000 majority! We receive this news by the mails, the Black Republican Telegraph wires in the West having been paralyzed by the result in Connecticut and Rhode Island.

All the city elections which have taken place since our last issue, have resulted in favor of the Democracy.

HARRISBURG elects a Democratic Mayor, Treasurer, and Board of Auditors, by 145 majority. The judges of election are Democrats in every Ward, except the Fifth, in which the Opposition have a majority of 2.

TRENTON, N. J., elects Franklin S. Mills, Dem., Mayor, by over 400 majority.

HARTFORD, Conn., has chosen Henry C. Deming, Dem., Mayor, by 467 majority, a gain of 200 over the late election for Governor.

ST. PAUL, Min., elects the entire Democratic ticket, by large majorities.

ROME, N. Y., elects the Democratic ticket by 241 majority.

BROOKHAVEN, L. I., has gone Democratic by 301 majority.

PORTSMOUTH, Va., elects Grice, Dem., Mayor, over Nash, Opp., by a majority of 88. At the election for Governor, last year, Goggin, the Opposition candidate had over 100 majority.

The recuperative energies of the Democracy are aroused, and victory everywhere perches upon our banners. Democrats of Bedford county! Our brethren elsewhere have set us a glorious example. Let us follow in their footsteps. We have but *to strike,* to defeat the enemy. Harmony, prudence and activity will ensure our success. Roll up your sleeves for the work!

THE RHODE ISLAND ELECTION.

Our mongrel opponents are very sore over the result in little Rhode Island. They die harder than snake-tails. "Rhode Island," say they, "elected a Governor opposed to the Republicans, but then he is not a Democrat." Well, let us see! There are but two parties at present in existence in the North—the Democratic and the so-called "Republican." The "Constitutional Union" party about being started, has never yet made any nominations. Consequently, as Gov. Sprague ran against the "Republican" nominee, he ran as a Democrat. The Harrisburg *Patriot* clears up this matter as follows:

Since the overthrow of Black Republicanism in Rhode Island, the papers of that party are trying to make it appear that the event was no triumph of the Democracy—that Mr. Sprague, the successful candidate for Governor, was not distinctively a Democratic candidate, but the union candidate of several distinct political organizations, to neither of which he was especially attached. Ex-Senator James, whose opportunities of knowing all the facts in relation thereto are equal to those of any other man, says Mr. Sprague does not rate himself as anything, in a party sense, *but a Democrat.* Before accepting the Democratic nomination, he distinctly *declined* that of the "Conservative Republicans" and the "Young Men's" party, and accepted none other than the nomination of the Democratic party, duly tendered in conformity to the usages of that party. Gen. James has no doubt of the permanent ascendency of the Democratic party in Rhode Island, if no fatal mistake is made in the nomination at Charleston, of which there is no reasonable ground for fear at the present time.

The Charleston Convention.

The National Convention of the Democratic party, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President, meets at Charleston, S. C., on Monday next. HON. JOHN CESSNA, one of the delegates from this district, left here on Thursday morning last, for Philadelphia, whence the Pennsylvania delegation will sail in the Steamer, Keystone State. It is impossible to tell who will be the nominee for President, but any one of the distinguished Democrats named in connexion with the office, will receive our hearty support and that of every true Democrat in the Union.

The "Republican" Convention will meet at Chicago, on the 16th of May, and the "Constitutional Union," (galvanized "American") at Baltimore, on the 9th of May.

A fine Scent for the Great Smeller

Those creatures of angelic purity, the Black Republican wire-pullers, who are so anxious to ferret out bribery and corruption, and especially that prince of smellers, who scents from afar the use of money in elections, HON. JOHN COVODE, will now have a new fell for their patriotic olfactories. The "latest developments" are to the effect, that PADELFORD the defeated "Republican" candidate for Governor of Rhode Island, resorted to the grossest and most shameful system of bribery and fraud to effect his election. Now, this is not merely an insinuation, or an innendo, like the indictments of Mr. Covode, but it is a bold, direct and specific charge, and what is more, *it is proved on oath.* Will Mr. Covode call Mr. Padelford before his Committee and have him examined along with his other witnesses, and will the Bedford organ of the smellers, publish the following affidavit of the town clerk of Cranston, proving bribery and corruption upon the Black Republicans of Rhode Island?

"I, Joseph W. Sweet, of Cranston, on oath do say that on Friday evening last Walter S. Burges, Esq., myself, and Dexter A. Leach the the collectors of taxes of the town of Cranston, were sitting in the town clerk's office, in Cranston, talking about the election. Mr. Burges said to Mr. Leach, They say in Providence that the Padelford party have bought you. I said to Mr. Burges that I had heard the same thing, but that I did not believe a word of it; that Mr. Leach was a true Democrat and they could not buy him; that I would bet ten dollars that Leach would vote the whole Democratic ticket. I then left. I afterwards saw Mr. Burges; he said that Mr. Leach requested him to say to me not to make that bet. I then went again to find Mr. Leach; I found him, and told him I was very sorry to hear what he had done, and he said he was very sorry he had done it. I told him I had heard he had received money from Mr. Padelford; he said he had two hundred dollars of Padelford's money, and he would go with me and return it, or would do with it as I said; he seemed very penitent, and tears were trickling down his cheeks. I said, You had better give it to your wife. He said, Will that be honorable? I said, More so than Padelford to buy you. He said he was to have a large sum of money more if the thing worked. or if the thing was carried out, but what that thing was he did not say.

JOSEPH W. SWEET.

"Sworn to, in Providence, this 3d day of April, 1860, before me," W. W. UPDIKE, "Justice of the Peace."

THE MASK THROWN OFF.

On the 26th of March last, Black Republicanism emerged from its Free Territory chrysalis, and boldly assumed the shape of aggressive Abolitionism. Mr. Blake, a Black Republican member of Congress, on that day offered, in his seat, the following Abolition preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, The chattelingof mankind and the holding of persons as property, is contrary to natural justice and the fundamental principles of our political system, and is notoriously a reproach to our country throughout the civilized world and a serious hindrance to the progress of republican liberty throughout the nations of the earth: Therefore,

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be and the same is hereby instructed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill giving freedom to every human being, and interdicting slavery wherever Congress has constitutional power to legislate on the subject.

After considerable discussion, the question was put upon the passage of the resolution, the preamble being reserved for a separate vote, when SIXTY Black Republican Congressmen, being a large majority of that party in Congress, voted in favor of this direct attempt to abolish slavery! Of these sixty, *four* are from Pennsylvania, viz: Messrs. BLAIR (of the Somerset district) GROW, HALE and STEWART, whilst John Covode and half a dozen more of the Opposition members from this State, dodged the issue. Every Democratic member voted against the resolution. From henceforward, let no one dare to deny that the "Republicans" are Abolitionists. We append the names of the Congressmen voting in favor of this resolution, every one of whom belongs to the "Republican" party. They are as follows:

Messrs. Adams, (Mass.,) Aldrich, Allen, Bingham, *Blair,* Blake, Brayton, Buffinton Burlingame, Burroughs, Butterfield, Carey, Carter, Colfax, Conkling, Curtis, Delano, Duell, Edgerton, Edwards, Eliot, Ely, Farnsworth, Foster, Frank, Gooch, *Grow,* Gurly, *Hale,* Helmick, Hoard, Humphrey, Hutchins, Kellogg, (of Mich.,) Leach, (of Mich.,) Lee, Lovejoy, McKean, Morrill, Olin, Palmer, Potter, Pottle, Rice, Sedgwick, Sherman, Somes, Spaulding, Spinner, *Stewart,* (of Penna.,) Tappan, Tompkins, Train, Vandever, Waldron, Walton, Washburne, (of Wis.,) Washburne, (of Ill.,) Wells, Windom—60.

Local and Miscellaneous.

—About *leaving*—The trees.—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

What will they do with their *trunks,* friend Traugh?

—THE "MENGEL HOUSE."—We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of this well-known hotel, published in this week's Gazette. The new proprietor, Mr. Isaac Mengel, Jr., is an excellent landlord, and, we doubt not, will give entire satisfaction to those who patronize him. He is at present refitting, and intends re-painting, his house, and making it more comfortable in other respects. Mr. Mengel is an enterprising and energetic young man and deserves success.

—A saving of over two hundred thousand dollars annually, on public printing, has been effected under the administration of President Buchanan.—*Clarion Democrat.*

Was the discovery of this great saving made by Mr. Covode's Committee? Will the *Democrat* please give the source of its information.—*State Journal.*

Perhaps it isn't our "put in," but we can inform the *State Journal* that "Mr. Covode's Committee" has not discovered the fact mentioned by the Clarion *Democrat,* nor is it at all likely that it will, being intended for a different purpose. "Mr. Covode's Committee" was raised to damage the Democratic party, (if possible) by false accusations and lying testimony; to drag the affairs of private citizens before Congress, and with disreputable hints and inuendoes, gossip-like, to blacken the character of innocent men. Mr. Covode's virtuous nose smells nothing that is good.

—The bill to admit Kansas into the Union, under the Wyandotte Constitution, has passed the House. Every Democrat from Pennsylvania voted for the bill.

—The National Democratic Club of Harrisburg fired a salute of thirty-three guns in commemoration of the recent victory in Rhode Island.

—Mrs. Swisshelm says that the popularity of her paper in Minnesota is due to the fact that "people are always expecting that she will say something that she ought not to."

—A LANDLORD, in Westmoreland county, of the Republican school of politics, on the announcement of the nomination of Henry D. Foster, opened his house and declared for the nominee of the Reading Convention.—*Clarion Democrat.*

This, we doubt not, is the proprietor of the same tavern at which General Foster spends his Sabbaths, "lounging lazily in dirty linen." There is, apparently, a strong cord of sympathy between him and tavern keepers.—*State Journal.*

When the Opposition are compelled to resort to arguments like the above, their case must be a bad one, indeed. We had hoped that personalities would be left out of the canvass, but it seems that they are the only stock in trade of our Black Republican contemporaries. They will find them two-edged arguments, and such as can be used with truth and justice against their own candidate. They have begun the warfare; it will be for General Foster's friends to say who shall end it.

—The following are the shipments of coal over the H. & B. T. R. R., for the week and year ending April 10th, 1860.

	Week.	Year.
	3.456.00	44.426.00
Same time last year,	2.472.00	32.402.00
Increase,	984.00	12.024 00

—On Tuesday, the 10th inst., two young ladies of Cumberland Valley township, in this county, Miss MILLER and Miss ELLIOTT, had gone to a neighbor's house, near Evitt's creek, and on their return concluded to have a look at that stream, which was then very high and rapid. Standing on a log which projected into the stream, they suddenly found themselves precipitated into the water and floating down with the current. Thus they were carried onward together for the distance of about a quarter of a mile, when they were separated by a snag, Miss Elliott reaching the shore in safety, whilst her unfortunate companion found a watery grave.

—BEDFORD CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.—The Summer Session of this admirably conducted seminary, will commence on Friday, the 4th day of May, next. See advertisement.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At a meeting of Bedford Lodge, No. 202, I. O. O. F., the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, it has pleased Almighty God to remove from us, by death, our brother, A. J. Baylor, therefore be it

Resolved, That in the death of Brother Baylor, the fraternity has lost a true and worthy member, and our community a peaceable and conservative citizen.

Resolved, That while we deeply and sincerely deplore his loss, we would bow with humble submission to the fiat of that Infinite Power who is too wise to err, and too good to lay the rod on his creatures but in righteousnses and love.

Resolved, That we tender our brotherly sympathies to the widow and family of our deceased brother in their sorrow, and commend them to him who has promised to be the widows' God and the orphans' Father.

Resolved, That the members of the Lodge wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days, and that the Lodge be draped in mourning for thirteen Lodge nights

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the papers of our town, and that a copy, under seal of the Lodge, be transmitted to the family of our brother.

H. NICODEMUS,
J. R. JORDAN,
EBEN PENNELL,
Committee.

Significant Result.

As an evidence of the fading fortunes of the Abolition party, not the least significant is the result of the election at the home of John Brown, the Traitor. At North Elba, where the bones of this old murderer, insurrectionist and horse-thief are entombed, the Democrats, at the town-meeting last week, succeeded by a majority of twenty two. On the Abolition ticket were several of John Brown's relatives, who were beaten. North Elba has heretofore been one of the hot-beds and strong-holds of the Abolition fanatics; but, since the treasonable foray of their Chief, and his immolation upon the gallows in Virginia, their strength in that region has been growing "small by degrees and beautifully less."—*State Sentinel.*

Opposition Movements.

A "Constitutional Union Club" has been organized in Tyrone. A "People's Party Club" has also been organized in the same place, the members of which, as we learn by the *Star,* resolved *not* to pledge themselves to the nominee of the Chicago Convention—wisely preferring to wait until they see "what's what and who's who." The *Star* also informs us that an attempt was made on the part of the "People's Club" to exclude from membership all who were favorable to the "Constitutional Union Party," but the attempt failed. It would seem from this that the *star* of Sam is in the ascendant in Tyrone, and is destined to shine in the coming contest "like a rotten mackerel by moonlight!"—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

Barnum has sent an agent to England to bring over the winner of the great prize fight for public exhibition.

Wisconsin Redeemed.

The Wisconsin Democracy, following in the wake of our brethren of Little Rhode Island, have resolved to shake off the incubus of Black Republicanism. At the recent State election for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, a grand, glorious Democratic victory was achieved.—The Milwaukee *News* says that judging from the returns already received from this State, in our opinion, Dixon is elected Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Wisconsin by at least 5000 majority! Large Democratic gains are shown all over the State, while it is but in very few instances that the Republican vote has been increased. The Republican majority for Governor last fall, was 3,950. Present indications accordingly show a Democratic gain of 9,000.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.—The Portland (Me.) *Transcript* learns that Mr. James Summers of Eaton Grant, Aroostook, a few days ago had a fit and fell into the fire. There was no one with him at the time except a little child, who, after vainly trying to drag him out, ran for assistance. When help arrived, the poor man was terribly burned—eyes put out, nose and ears consumed, and stomach so burned as to expose the vitals. It seems almost incredible that life could linger under such mutilations, yet the wretched creature lived some days.

☞It is useless to attempt to elect any man to prominent office who has "sympathized" with John Brown, or endorsed the Helper treason. John Sherman did both, and he lost the office of Speaker. Seth Padelford did both, and the Republican party have lost Rhode Island. W. H. Seward recommended Helper's book, and it remains to be seen whether the Chicago Convention will risk their chances of the Custom Houses and Post Offices on that gentleman.

VIOLENT THUNDER STORM.—It appears that various sections of the country were visited by a violent thunder storm on Monday morning. At Wheeling Va., the whole city was startled by a terrific clap of thunder, while the lightning was unusually brilliant. In Lancaster county, Pa., the barn of S. Hernly was struck by lightning and consumed, with four horses, several cows, a lot of fat cattle, a quantity of wheat, corn, oats, hay, &c. At Alexandria, Va., the storm was also severe.

EARLY CHERRIES.—It is believed that the magistrate who officiated on the occasion reported below, made the usual deduction of "children half price?" Married, in Campbelltown, Fla., in the store of William Daniel, Jr., on the 21st of March, by James Hall, Esq., Master Robert Cherry (aged sixteen years) to Miss Josephine Gregory (aged 13 years.)

SILK GOODS DUTY FREE IN ENGLAND.—The last Liverpool and Manchester circulars announce that French silk goods are now admitted into England free of all duty, and it is presumed that no duties will be exacted upon silk goods from other countries.

LONG TRAIN.—A train of forty-three cars left the depot of the Norfolk and Petersburg railroad at Norfolk, Va., Tuesday morning. Each car was heavily loaded with merchandize, and seventeen filled with goods for Tennessee, which will go "through" without breaking bulk.

A young couple in St. Louis were robbed the other night of money and clothes, by some villains who administered chloroform. The room had been so thoroughly sacked that the plundered pair were obliged to remain in bed till the neighbors brought them some clothing.

THE Hon. James Cooper, late United States Senator from Pennsylvania, is now a resident of Frederick city, Md.

Holmes Greenwood, a Revolutionary patriot, died at Providence, R. I., 9th inst. He was 95 years of age on the day of his death.

Ancient Fiction and Modern Fact.—The Enchanted Salve story which Cervantes puts into the mouth of Don Quixote, was doubtless intended as a satire upon the extravagant pretensions and miserable failures of the physicians of that day. But the fictions of one age sometimes become the facts of another, and could Cervantes revisit the earth, he would see many of the cures ironically attributed to Don Quixote's nostrum, actually accomplished by Holloway's Ointment. The magic of science has shamed the legends of necromancy, in the beneficent effects of the remedies introduced by that distinguished man.

Extravagant eulogy is "not in our way;" but there is a difference between flattery and simple justice. It has happened that in several instances we have witnessed the effect of Holloway's Ointment upon external diseases. That it will cure erysipelas, salt rheum, and virulent deep-seated ulcers, we can testify from facts that have come under our own observation, and if faith is to be placed in the concentaneous declarations of the thousands and tens of thousands who have tested its properties in this country and throughout the world, there can be no doubt that it is a specific—the only specific—for scrofula and cancer. The late war in Europe afforded a grand opportunity to ascertain its value as a dressing for flesh wounds, fractures and contusions, and it appears from the published official reporters of the army surgeons, that its application in such cases was followed by very remarkable results. The pain and inflammation of the parts rapidly subsided, and healthful reaction ensued. Injuries for which the ordinary recipes were the tourniquet the saw and the amputating knife, were cured without difficulty by the use of this powerful recuperant.

Probably no class of our countrymen better understand the value of Holloway's Ointment than the denizens of the far west. It is in fact their "salve for every sore," whether occasioned by accident or the result of hardship and exposure. The Southern planters regard it as an indispensable item in their plantation dispensaries, and use it almost universally as a remedy for the eruptions and glandular diseases so common among their negroes. In New England, where inventions and discoveries are generally at the outset looked upon with distrust, the Ointment has attained an extraordinary degree of popularity, and the demand for it in the states of New York, and Pennsylvania has been quadrupled within three years. In fact, it has no rival in public esteem among the remedies of the age, if we except the celebrated pills for internal diseases introduced by its world renowned inventor.

In the olden time, the law awarded to every Roman who saved the life of a fellow citizen, a civic crown. If the moderns had perpetuated the custom, Holloway's Regalia would by this time have been the eighth wonder of the world. —*N. O. Crescent.*

THE Lockhaven *Watchman* records a very remarkable phenomenon. A few months ago, Mr. John Johnson of that place had the middle finger of his right hand amputated close to the lower joint joining the hand. The wound soon healed over, and almost immediately a new finger commenced growing from the stump of the old: and six months from the time the finger was amputated, Mr. Johnson had a new and full grown one in its place, with the exception of the nail, which was just commencing to shoot out.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—The beginning of the end. Old sores, bad legs, ulcers, &c. Many people have the misfortune through life of finishing where they should have commenced—this is especially applicable to the treatment of disease. Numbers have expended a lifetime in the pursuit of health—while thousands have exhausted their means in the catalogue of cures—who ultimately found relief where they should have begun, in Holloway's Pills and Ointment, the only sure remedy when all else have failed. For the speedy and effectual cure of ulcers, bad legs, old sores, boils, &c., the ointment, is the best salve in use; and the pills are equally efficacious for purifying the blood, cleansing the secretions of the liver and giving tone and energy to the general constitution. This is the testimony of thousands.

BEDFORD LYCEUM.

The Bedford Lyceum will meet at the Court House, on Saturday evening next, at 7 o'clock. Declaimer, T. L. Lyon; Essayist, John Palmer. Question. Was the U. S. Government right in rejecting the request of Kossuth, to aid Hungary, in achieving her Independence? Affirmative, G. H. Spang, Negative, J. W. Dickerson.

Markets by Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, April 16.—Flour steady; Howard $6. Wheat firm at $1 70 and 1 80 for white and $1 40 and 1 50 for red. Corn active; white 75 and 77c; yellow 72 and 73c. Provisions steady. Whiskey steady at 22½ and 22½c. Exchange on New York Par.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17th, 1860.—Flour, superfine, $5.00; fancy, $6.50. Wheat and Rye scarce, at $1.50 to $1.52 for prime Red wheat and $1.68 for White, and Rye at 90 cents. Cloverseed $4.50.

MARRIED.

At Altoona, by Rev. Lloyd Knight, on the 12th ult., John B. Amick and Miss Maria Jones, both of Bedford county.

On Thursday evening, April 5th, at the house of the bride's father, by the Rev. A. H. Taylor, Mr. Henry B. Whittington to Miss Sallie E. McCord, eldest daughter of Joshua W. McCord, Esq., all of Hollidaysburg.

We are glad to hear of our friend Whittington's success in the matrimonial ring, and wish him any amount of happiness.

On Tuesday the 29th ult., by the Rev. R. F. Sample, Mr. David Dicken, of Cumberland Valley Tp., to Miss Elizabeth Rea, of Bedford Tp.

In Union Tp., on the 25th ult., by Thomas Oldham, Esq., Mr. Chauncey Corl to Miss Barbara Roudabush, all of Union tp.

On Thursday, the 29th ult., by Elder Abm. Miller, Mr. Jacob Hardman, of Harrison Tp., to Miss Jane Arnold, of Cumberland Valley Tp.

DIED.

On the 11th inst., after a short illness, at the house of Mr. David Gardner, of this place, departed this life, in the 36th, year of her age, Mrs. Eve Little, wife of Mr. Pius Little.

The deceased thus cut off in the prime of life, was a most excellent and exemplary christian. She was much beloved by her friends and neighbors, who testified their appreciation of her character by their numbers and by their sorrowing at her grave. But they sorrow not like those who have no hope—but full of comfortable, well-grounded hope, that she is at rest in the bosom of her God—having exchanged a world of tears for one of endless felicity. "For if we believe that Jesus died, and rose again, so also, those who have slept through Jesus, God will bring with him."

MENGEL HOUSE,

JULIANA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber, having renovated and refurnished this old established House, is now prepared to receive guests. He invites his friends and the traveling public to give him a call. Having new furniture, new beds, and everything necessary to render hearty cheer to those in want of a temporary home, he flatters himself that those who stay with him, will find themselves at the right place.

He is fully prepared to receive visitors to the Springs, and all having business with the courts or otherwise.

Ample stabling and carriage house is attached to the Hotel.

Boarders will be received on favorable terms.

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.

Bedford, April 20, 1860.

BRIGADE ORDERS, NO. 1.

The uniformed Companies Composing the First Brigade, 16th Division, P. M., will parade, for the purpose of inspection and review, at the following times and places:

The Hopewell Riflemen will meet at the town of Hopewell, on Wednesday, the 9th day of May next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The Bloody Run Blues will meet at the town of Bloody Run, on Thursday, the 10th day of May next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The Bedford Riflemen will meet in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The Cumberland Valley Blues will meet at the town of Centreville, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The Black Plumed Riflemen will meet in the Borough of Schellsburg, on Saturday, the 19th day of May, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Captains of Companies will please take notice of these orders and notify their Companies accordingly. They are also required to make return of their Companies for the year 1860, at the time of the above named parades.

A. J. SANSOM,
Brigade Inspector.

Brigade Inspector's Office, Bedford, Pa., April 16, '60. 1st Brigade, 16 Division.

STRAWBERRIES AND CREAM!

WHO'S FOND of Strawberries and cream? Echo, "All!" Then all are invited to call at Lynch's and buy few or many plants of choice kinds. Those planting now will get a few berries this season. [april 20,'60.]

ESTATE OF JOSEPH WEYANDT.

Letters of administration upon the Estate of Joseph Weyandt, late of Union tp., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment and those having claims, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ELIAS DELL,
Administrator.

April 13, 1860.

Political Announcements.

[All notices under this head must be pre-paid.]

Prothonotary.

We are authorized to announce MAJ. SAMUEL H. TATE, of Bedford borough, as a candidate for Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorizedto announce the name of J. HENRY SCHELL, of Schellsburg, as a candidate for Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

March 30th, 1860.

Sheriff.

We are authorized to announce PETER H. STUDEBAKER, of Napier township, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention

We are authorized to announce COL. F. D. BERGLE, of St. Clair tp., as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of VALENTINE STECKMAN, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

MR. EDITOR:

Please announce CAPT. JOHN ALSTADT, of St. Clair township, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. MANY DEMOCRATS."

We are authorized to announce the name of WILLIAM A. POWELL, of Harrison Township, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

THEY ARE ENTIRELY VEGETABLE,

And free from Alcoholic Stimulant, and all injurious ingredients;

Are pleasant in taste and smell, mild in their operation, will expel all morbid secretions from the body, give bloom to the pallid cheek, and health and vigor to the frame.

They will cure DYSPEPSIA.
They will cure NERVOUS DEBILITY.
They will cure LIVER COMPLAINT.
They will cure JAUNDICE.
They will cure DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS.
They will cure CONSTIPATION.
They will cure PILES.
They will cure HEARTBURN.
They will cure SWIMMING OF THE HEAD.
They will cure FLUTTERING OF THE HEART.

They are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON, 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and sold by druggist and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America, at 75 cents per bottle.

may 27,'59-1y.

WONDERFUL, BUT TRUE.

A few days since, Mr. James H. Beadle, of Huntsville, Alabama called on us and gave us permission to publish for the benefit of suffering humanity, the astonishing cure which had been effected in the case of his wife by the use of Dr. Hance's Vegetable Epileptic Pills. He informed us, that at the time his wife commenced using the medicine, her system was so entirely prostriated, by the number of spasms she had undergone, as to reduce her weight to 100 lbs. Since she has been taking the pills, she has entirely got over the spasms and has gained in weight and bodily health. She now weighs at least 200 lbs., and declares she is in better enjoyment of health than ever before in her life. Mr. Beadle also related the case of Mr. Harrison Lightfoot of the same town, who has been entirely cured of the worst form of Epilepsy by these same pills. Mr. Lightfoot's case was so bad that he never passed a week without having an attack, often falling down in the street. He has not had an attack for more than a year. Mr. Beadle thinks that if the pills ever fail in curing a case, it is for the want of a proper perseverance on the part of the person in taking them as he feels assured from observation in the case of his wife, that if they are taken for a sufficient length of time, they will cure any case. Sent to any part of the country by mail, on the receipt of a remittance. Address SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore st., Baltimore, Md. Price, one box, $3; two, $5; twelve, $24.

WORMS! WORMS!

☞Various theories have been started relative to the origin of intestinal worms, and yet the question is still a vexed one among medical authorities. Of one fact, however, all are informed, and in which all agree—the fatal nature of the influence they exert on children. At this season of the year, the attacks of worms are most frequent as well as most dangerous. We take great pleasure in directing the attention of parents to the Vermifuge of Dr. M'Lane, prepared by Fleming Bros. Pittsburg. It is one of the most extraordinary medicines ever introduced to the public, and has never failed of success when tried.

☞Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, manufactured by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores.—None genuine without the signature of

FLEMING BROS.

THE GREAT DRAWBACK

To persons emigrating to the extreme south and western country, is the fear they have of the Fever and Ague—the most direful of all diseases. Every day we hear of persons attacked by the disease and made helpless in a short time, without any means of affording relief. In view of the great demand for a remedy Dr. Hostetter has presented his celebrated "Bitters," whose curative powers for all diseases of the stomach have been universally acknowledged. The "Bitters," prepared after a long experience and deep study, have received the encomiums of the most eminent physicians, as well as all classes, from every part of our country. To those who doubt their many virtues, all we can say is to try them and judge for themselves respectively.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere.

☞See advertisement in another column.

BEDFORD CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.

REV. JOHN LYON,
T. LYTTLETON LYON, A. M., } PRINCIPALS.

THE Summer session of this institution will open on Friday, the 4th day of May 1860.

It is the design of the Principals, to make this Academy, in all respects, a first class Institution, for the thorough instruction of youth of both sexes, and to prepare them for any profession or position in life.

The high moral and scientific tone of the school is well known to this community, and a strict discipline will be enforced.

A few boys, (the number is limited to ten,) will be received into the family of the Principals, as boarders.

The beauty of the scenery and the salubrity of the climate render Bedford a most desirable location for such a school.

Persons from abroad, visiting at the Springs, can be near their children during the summer.

It is desirable that pupils should enter at the commencement of the session, and no pupil will be received for less than one quarter.

TERMS. { $200 per year, including boarding, washing, fuel, light, and Tuition in all the branches.

Terms for day scholars:

Per Quarter. { $6.—English Branches.
$7.50, Classical do &c.

June 10,'59.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between FERGUSON & MANSPEAKER, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.—The interest of Ferguson has been sold out to Simon L. Shafer, and the business will hereafter be conducted by Manspeaker & Shafer. Those indebted to Ferguson & Manspeaker, will please close their accounts by cash or note. [april 13,'60.]

CARPETS and Carpet Chain, for sale cheap, at Shoemakers', [april 6th, 1860.]

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF sundry writs of Fi. Fa., Vend. Exponas and Levari Facias, to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 28th day of April, 1860, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All Deft's right, title and interest in and to one tract of land, containing 450 acres, more or less, about seventy-five acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house with kitchen attached, tenant house, and double log barn thereon; adjoining lands of James Rollins, Robert Hudson and others, situate in Colerain Township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Mock.

—ALSO—

One tract or parcel of land, containing 22 acres, more or less, nearly all cleared and under fence, with a frame dwelling house, one rough cast tenant house, frame stable, school house and a frame of a saw mill, thereon erected; adjoining lands of George Elder, John Hardman, Henry Wertz and others, situate in Harrison tp., Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel Trostle, terre tenant.

—ALSO—

All Deft's right, title and interest in and to one tract of land, containing fifty acres, more or less, about eight acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house thereon erected; adjoining lands of Philip Knisely, David Brollier and others, situate in Hopewell tp., Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of William Stiffler.

—ALSO—

One tract of land, containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less, about seventy-five acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house, tenant house and double log barn thereon erected; also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Anthony Stiffler, David Border and others, situate in Napier tp., Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Patrick Dollard.

—ALSO—

All Deft's interest in and to a certain piece, or parcel of land, situate in St. Clair tp., Bedford county, on the waters of Pobbs' creek, containing one hundred acres and allowance, &c., being part of a larger tract of land, surveyed on a warrant dated 7th July, 1762, granted to Col. Henry Bequet, and conveyed by William and George Baldemand to George Mock, with all the right, titles and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and taken in execution as the property of Geo. Mock.

—ALSO—

One plantation, or tract of land, situate in East Providence township, in said county, adjoining land of William Whetstone, Gerge Wolfhouseholder, Cadwalader Evans, and others, containing 600 acres, more or less, and including all that tract called the Weaveling Tract, except that part of the same heretofore sold to Cadwalader Evans, with about 250 acres cleared and under fence, with a large stone tavern house, frame tenant house, store-house large frame stable and saw-mill and other buildings thereon erected, the whole known as the Juniata Crossing property, and taken in execution as the property of George Megraw.

—ALSO—

One tract of land, containing 93 acres more or les about 55 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house and two log stables thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of William Keefle, Jacob Semler and others, situate in St. Clair township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of George Kimberly.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, April 6th, 1860. } WILLIAM S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

All persons interested, are hereby notified, that the following named accountants, have filed their accounts in the Register's Office of Bedford co., and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, in and for said county, for confirmation, on Tuesday the 1st day of May next, at the Court House in Bedford:

1. The account of Henry J. Bruner, Esq., adm'r. of the Estate of Campbell Hendrickson, late of Cumberland Valley tp., dec'd.

2. The account of Joseph B. Noble, Esq., guardian of Obadiah, Delilah, David, Alfred, Hannah, Mary S. and Harriet Over, Minor children of Jacob Over, late of South Woodberry tp., dec'd.

3. The account of S. L. Russell, Esq., adm'r. "de bonis non" of Margaret Davidson, late of Bedford tp., dec'd.

4. The account of Samuel L. Russell. Esq., Executor of the last will &c., of Mary Ann Davidson, late of Bedford Township, deceased.

5. The account of John P. Hoover, and William Hoover, Executors of the last will &c., of Philip H. Hoover. late of Napier tp., dec'd.

6. The account of John Mower, Esq., guardian of Annie E. Miller, one of the daughters of Thomas B. Miller, late of Bedford borough dec'd.

7. The account of Philip R. Ritchey, adm'r. of the Estate of Elizabeth Mixell, late of Snake Spring tp., dec'd.

8. The account of Levi Hardinger, Executor of the last will, &c., of Catherine Hardinger, late of Cumberland Valley tp., dec'd.

9. The account of Thomas Blackburn and Alexander McGregor, Esq., executors of the last will &c., of Benjamin Bowen late of St. Clair township, deceased.

10. The account of Rachel Keagy, administratrix of John Keagy, late of Colerain tp., dec'd.

11. The account of David Hitchew, adm'r. of the Estate of Jacob Hitch ew, late of Napier township, deceased.

12. The account of Jacob Burket, adm'r. of the Estate of Samuel Burket, late of Union township, deceased.

13. The account of Henry G. Geyer, adm'r. of the Estate of Conrad Geyer, late of Juniata township, dec'd.

14. The account of Wm. Ott and Simon Zarcleroad, Executors of the last will &c., of John Harcleroad, late of Colerain tp., dec'd.

15. The account of Benjamin H. Walker, administrator of the Estate of Eliel Allen, late of Napier tp., dec'd.

The account of Jno. Mower, one of the adm'rs. de bonis non of Charles McDowell, late of the Borough of Bedford, dec'd.

The account of Jno. Mower Guardian of Emma V. Garver, late Emma V. Miller, one of the daughters of Thomas B. Miller, late of the Bor. of Bedford, dec

Register's Office, Bedford, April 6th, 1860. } S. H. TATE, Register.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS,

Drawn for April Term, 5th Monday, 30th day, 1860.

George Elder, Foreman, William Adams, Esq., Thomas Blackburn, George Bortz, David Boyer, Daniel Bear, D. A. T. Black, Samuel Beegley, Isaac Clark, George Diehl, Isaac Grove, Daniel Horn, Simon Hamaker, David Ickes, John L. Lessig, William Morgart, Adam F. Miller, Andrew Middleton, Samuel Oster, Joseph Reininger, Jackson Ripley, Samuel Statler, George F. Steel, G. D. Trout.

LIST OF PETIT JURORS,

Drawn for April Term, 5th Monday, 30th, day 1860.

Thomas Allison, John Alsip, Jacob Aucker, David S. Ake, Frederick H. Beegle, Henry Beegle, Solomon Beegle, George Bortz, James Burns, Jr., Josiah Baughman, Jacob Bossler, Christian Carn, Charles Colfelt, Michael Carpenter, Philip Clark, Thomas Donahoe, Isaac Earnest, Henry Felton, Jacob Fisher, Henry Fluke, Daniel Fletcher, Archibald Finley, Jacob D. Fetter, John Gephart, Jr., William A. Grove, Henry Gates, David Hitchew, John B. Hardman, Richard Langdon, Samuel W. Miller, Philip Morgart, Adam Otto, Amos Robinett, John Statler, Abraham Steel, John E. Satterfield, Wilson Weeks, Samuel Wenk.

FOR SALE,
OR EXCHANGE.

Three tracts of very choice farm land, containing 160 acres in each tract, situate on the Illinois Centrla R. R. in Champaign co., State of Illinois, 8 miles from the city of Urbana, and 1 mile from Rentual Station on said road. Two of the tracts adjoin, and one of them has a never failing pond of water. The city of Urbana contains a population of 3000. Champaign is the greatest wheat growing country in the State.

Address, F. C. REAMER.
Bedford, Pa.

ALL kinds of produtee taken in exchange for Goods, at Shoemakor's Stor No 1, Anderson's Row. [april 6th, 1860.]

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE AND LIVER PILLS.

WE beg leave to call the attention of the Trade, and more especially the Physicians of the country, to two of the most popular remedies now before the public. We refer to

Dr. Chas. M'Lane's Celebrated

Vermifuge and Liver Pills.

We do not recommend them as universal Cure-alls, but simply for what their name purports, viz.:

THE VERMIFUGE,

For expelling Worms from the human system. It has also been administered with the most satisfactory results to various Animals subject to Worms.

THE LIVER PILLS,

For the cure of LIVER COMPLAINTS, all BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS, SICK HEAD-ACHE, &c. In cases of

FEVER AND AGUE,

preparatory to or after taking Quinine, they almost invariably make a speedy and permanent cure.

As specifics for the above mentioned diseases, they are Unrivaled, and never known to fail when administered in accordance with the directions.

Their unprecedented popularity has induced the proprietors,

FLEMING BROTHERS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

to dispose of their Drug business, in which they have been successfully engaged for the last Twenty Years, and they will now give their undivided time and attention to their manufacture. And being determined that Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills shall continue to occupy the high position they now hold among the great remedies of the day, they will continue to spare neither time nor expense in procuring the Best and Purest material, and compound them in the most thorough manner. Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS. Pittsburgh, Pa.

P.S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros. will do well to write their orders distinctly, and state name list. *Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros. Pittsburgh, Pa.* To those wishing to give them a trial, we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for receive thirteen three-cent stamps, or one vial of Vermifuge for fourteen three-cent stamps. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

For sale at the Drug Stores of Drs. Reamer & Harry, Bedford, and all other Druggists in the county May 20, 1859-1y.

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS.

Agreeably to the provisions of an act of Assembly, directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes, and for other purposes, passed the 13th of March 1815, and the supplement, thereto, passed the 15th day of March 1817, and 25th of March 1831, and the 9th day of March 1847. The Treasurer of the county of Bedford hereby gives notice to all persons concerned therein, that unless the County, State, School and Road taxes due on the following tracts of unseated lands—situated in Bedford County, are paid before the day of Sale—the whole, or such part of each tract, as will will pay the taxes, and the costs chargeable thereon, will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, County of Bedford, on the second Monday of June next, for the arrearages of taxes due, and the costs accrued thereon, and said sale will be continued from day to day until all are disposed of.

WM. SCHAFER,
Treasurer.

No. Acres.	Warrantees or owners.	Dolls.	Cts.
	Broad Top Township.		
159	James Entriken	10	28
8	do		98
75	William Gray	1	23
380	Francis Mowing	93	18
484 & 136p	Samuel Kerr	20	57
422 & 30p	Barnet Mowing	27	26
400	John Stone	24	25
466½	Isaac Kerr	24	15
410	John Razon	6	15
300	John Belt	12	12
63	Jacob Meyers	3	72
75	John Devereaux (Dunlap Tract)	10	10
403	John Boleman	19	45
30	Lewis T. Watson	1	51
427	Mary Montgomery	4	22
421	John Montgomery	4	75
339	Stevens & Co in right of Shreeves	23	39
287	E. Foster & W. P. Schell	6	75
25	James Figard		61
60	William Figard	4	38
25	John King's Heirs		55
393 & 197p	James Patton & H. Easton Colerain Township.		53
414	Michael Roof	1	24
410	Agnes Roof	1	29
400	Jacob Whetstone	1	20
340½	Jacob Willand		50
111	Andrew Kihock		64
600	Samuel Williams	2	24
45	William Smith	1	46
427	Arthur Brown Cumberland Valley Township.		64
106 117p	Wm. M. Hall		46
400	Dr. James Smith Harrison Township.	2	94
163	Nicholas Knight		24
900	William Lyon	3	10
75	Andrew P. Miller Hopewell Township.	1	72
200	John Corby	1	20
413	John Kerr	4	76
150	James Howard		88
404	Richard Moan		68
420	John Cheney		72
404	Joseph Moan		68
406½	Samuel Moan		68
421 & 35p	Alexander Moan		58
206½	John Mellney		48
196 & 50	Zachariah Moan		24
192	Timothy Moan		27
200 & 54p	Israel Moan		28
222	Elizabeth Piper		60
212 & 20p	John Boyd		34
214 & 65p	William Davis		32
216 & 60½p	Isabella Davis		58
220½	William Piper		62
238	John Hardin		66
221	Ignatius Hardin		62
434 & 125p	James Wilson		72
181 & 40p	David Piper		32
99	Richard Clark		28
425	George F. Alberti	1	20
213	Joseph Lancaster		60
402	Thomas Taylor	1	20
402 & 57p	Stephen Moan		68
440¾	Shaw Tract, Oakman Lands	1	24
239	James McIlney, Forge property	22	00
9	Puterbaugh's Heirs		14
400	Isaac Cavan Londonderry Township.		72
453	Joseph Gardner	1	36
150	John Saddler Liberty Township.	1	80
200	Mary Gordon	7	95
200	James Gordon	4	36
400	Thomas Jones	11	95
150½	Stephen Kerr	3	40
165	Edwprd Langly	7	20
200	Jacob Miller	6	00
200	Elizabeth Miller	6	00
200	Mary Piper	5	98
200	Amelia Piper	7	98
60	Abel Put	1	20
400	Edward Stone	7	48
400	John Tomm	10	73
374 & 84p	Hannah Alberti	5	40
448	Marian Alberti	5	00
403	Alexander Montgomery	5	15
403	William Montgomery		88
100	George B. Kay	3	16
3 Lots	William P. Schell	2	75
200	John Razor	2	56
200	Francis Means	2	56
150	Stephen Kerr	1	90
90	Manor Tract	1	88
200	Milligan & Benedict	2	88
40	Peter Bowser		54
5	George Thompson Monroe Township.		12
25	Joseph McDaniel Napier.		56
200	Abner Rodgers Providence East.		60
1219	Samuel Tate's Heir's		44
900	do do do		44
800	do do do		44
221½	do do do		28
113½	G. W. Barton		32
165 & 95p	Mahlon Barton		32
156 & 100p	David Smith		32
95 & 55p	Joshua Hixon		30
401 & 40p	James Cavan	1	20
400	Isaac Cavan	1	20
210	George Deweese		10
17	J. Spark's Heirs or F. Gibs		16
61	L. A. Carpenter Providence West.		22
100	Daniel Richey		18
40	David Roller		14
15	Joseph McDaniel		36
166	Peter Morgert St. Clair Township.		68
4 Lots	Jacob Ink's Heirs		48
264	David McRobert	1	20
477	James Ross	1	20
411	William Snively Southampton.	1	20
260	James Riggs		60
435	Henry Whetstone	1	32
430½	William Beck Union Township.	1	20
50	Christopher Snyder		43
100	Widow Croyle	2	50
439½	James Seawright	12	66
60	Brumbaugh & Co.	1	30
50	Cowples Brush		85
430	John Martin	10	32
60	—— Bowser	1	17
90	—— Boyer	1	68
200	—— Langam	1	68
150	William Langam	2	80
150	Bowser Brush Woodberry South.	1	78
10	William Fluke		16
10	Finke's Heirs		32
222	Elizabeth Piper		67
210 & 60p	Isabella Davis		24
61 & 100p	John S. Herrick Woodberry Middle		28
100	Adjoining Heffley's Heirs.	5	50
117	Daniel Montgomery	10	20
180	Daniel Montgomery	4	48
170	Margaret Croft	1	70
22	Kensinger's Heirs	1	00
20	Frank Nicodemus		75
16	George Nicodemus		70
173	—— Mellney	7	97
62	John McFadden	6	15
50	John Nicodemus	1	87
52	John Smith, Jr.	1	77
46	Benner's Heirs	1	87
40	——Stonerook	2	50
402	Wm. Montgomery	5	00
150	Robert Montgomery	1	03
13	Jacob Furrey		64
20	Renhart Replogle	1	05
13	John Tooter		64
12	Samuel Teeter		60
50	Robert Montgomery	1	20

March 30th, '60.

TO THE SCHOOL DIRECTORS OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN:—In pursuance of the 43d section of the Act of 8th May, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in convention, at the Court House, in Bedford, on the first Monday in May, A. D., 1860, being the 7th day of the month, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and select *viva voce*, by a majority of the whole number of the Directors present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as County Superintendent, for the three succeeding years; determine the amount of compensation for the same; and certify the result to the State Superintendent at Harrisburg, as required by the 39th and 40th sections of the same act.

HENRY HECKERMAN,
Co. Sup't. of Bedford Co.

April 13, 1860.

NOTICE!

The following named persons have filed their petitions, for Tavern License in the Clerk's Office of Bedford County; and will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions on Monday the 30th day of April next:

John Baker	Bedford Borough,	Tavern.
Jonathan Horton	" "	"
Isaac Mengel, jr.	" "	"
A. G. Allen	" Township,	"
Jacob Snyder	Cumberland Valley	"
Val. B. Wertz	Harrison	"
Martin Fichtner	"	"
Fred Hildebrand	Juniata	"
Joseph Foller	"	"
James Burns	Londonderry	"
Jonathan Fichtner	"	"
Catherine Tricker	Liberty	"
John A. Rohm	"	"
Andrew Adams	Monroe	"
George Wemmer	"	"
George Sinckey	Napier.	"
B. A. T. Black	East Providence	"
George Megraw	" "	"
John A. Gump	West "	"
George Colvin	Schellsburg Borough	"
John M. Robison	" "	"
Peter Amich	St. Clair	"
Bernard Oneal	Southampton	"
Thos. C. Reighart	Union	"
Wm. M. Pearson	Middle Woodberry	"
Henry Fluke	" "	"
James L. Prince	South "	"
Wm. F. Smith,	Ramsburg Borough	"
A. J. Pennell,	" "	"
John Todd,	Bedford Township	"
Sarah Filler & Son	Bedford Borough	"
James S. Beckwith,	Broad Top,	"
James Barefoot,	St. Clair	"

S. H. TATE,
Clerk.

March 30, 1860.

RAILROAD NOTICE.

The subscribers to the Capital Stock of the Bedford Rail Road Company, are notified to pay to the Treasurer, in Bedford, the ninth instalment on each share of stock, subscribed by them, on or before the 23d day of April instant. By order of the Board.

JOHN P. REED, Treasurer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration, having been granted to the subscriber, living in Harrison tp., on the estate of Melcher Fisher, late of said township, dec'd., all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID MILLER,
April 13, 1860. Administrator.

GROCERIES, a large assortment of all kinds of Groceries for sale cheap at Shoemaker' Store.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

IT is a fact that, at some period, every member of the human family is subject to disease or disturbance of the bodily functions; but, with the aid of a good tonic and the exercise of plain common sense, they may be able so to regulate the system as to secure permanent health. In order to accomplish this desired object, the true course to pursue is certainly that which will produce a natural state of things at the least hazard of vital strength and life. For this purpose, Dr. Hostetter has introduced to this country a preparation bearing his name, which is not a new medicine, but one that has been tried for years, giving satisfaction to all who have used it. The Bitters operate powerfully upon the stomach, bowels, and liver, restoring them to a healthy and vigorous action, and thus, by the simple process of strengthening nature, enable the system to triumph over disease.

For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, or any Bilious Complaints, arising from a morbid inaction of the Stomach or Bowels, producing Cramps, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c., these Bitters have no equal.

Diarrhœa, dysentery or flux, so generally contracted by new settlers, and caused principally by the change of water and diet, will be speedily regulated by a brief use of this preparation. Dyspepsia, a disease which is probably more prevalent, in all its various forms, than any other, and the cause of which may always be attributed to derangements of the digestive organs, can be cured without fail by using HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, as per directions on the bottle. For this disease every physician will recommend Bitters of some kind; then why not use an article known to be infallible? All nations have their Bitters, as a preventive of disease and strengthener of the system in general; and among them all there is not to be found a more healthy people than the Germans, from whom this preparation emanated, based upon scientific experiments which have tended to prove the value of this great preparation in the scale of medical science.

FEVER AND AGUE.—This trying and provoking disease, which fixes its relentless grasp on the body of man, reducing him to a mere shadow in a short time, and rendering him physically and mentally useless, can be driven from the body by the use of HOSTETTER'S RENOWNED BITTERS. Further, none of the above-stated diseases can be contracted, even in exposed situations, if the Bitters are used as per directions. And as they neither create nausea nor offend the palate, and render unnecessary any change of diet or interruption of ordinary pursuits, but promote sound sleep and healthy digestion, the complaint is removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure.

For Persons in Advanced Years, who are suffering from an enfeebled constitution and infirm body, these Bitters are invaluable as a restorative of strength and vigor, and need only be tried to be appreciated. And to a mother while nursing these Bitters are indispensable, especially where the mother's nourishment is inadequate to the demands of the child, consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is needed to impart temporary strength and vigor to the system. Ladies should by all means try this remedy for all cases of debility, and, before so doing, should ask their physician, who, if he is acquainted with the virtue of the Bitters, will recommend their use in all cases of weakness.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

☞Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, Canada, South America, and Germany.

Agents for Bedford County: B. F. Harry, F. C. Reamer, Bedford; John F. Lowry, Hopewell; E. B. Ramsy, Bloody Run; John Nycum, Fairview.

Oct. 14, 1859.

WASHINGTON HOUSE, BEDFORD, PA.

MR. S. FILLER would respectfully announce to her friends in Bedford County, and to the public generally, that she has leased, for a term of years, the large and convenient brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Juliana streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOUSE," and lately kept by MRS. COOK. This house is being thoroughly refitted and returnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS" and persons attending Court, will find this house a pleasant and comfortable temporary home.—Every attention will be paid to the comfort and accommodation of guests. The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges moderate.

Extensive stabling is attached to this hotel, and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance. Special attention will be paid to the accommodation of the farming community.

March 30th, 1860.

DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

DR. HOOFLAND'S BALSAMIC CORDIAL,

The great standard medicines of the present age, have acquired their great popularity only through years of trial. Unbounded satisfaction is rendered by them in all cases; and the people have pronounced them worthy.

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Debility of the Nervous System, Diseases of the Kidneys,

and all diseases arising from a disordered liver or weakness of the stomach and digestive organs, are speedily and permanently cured by the GERMAN BITTERS.

The Balsamic Cordial *has acquired a reputation surpassing that of any similar preparation extant. It will cure,* WITHOUT FAIL, *the most severe and long-standing*

Cough, Cold, or Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza, Croup, Pneumonia, Incipient Consumption,

and has performed the most astonishing cures ever known of

Confirmed Consumption.

A few doses will also at once check and cure the most severe Diarrhœa *proceeding from* COLD IN THE BOWELS.

These medicines are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON & Co., *No. 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and are sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere, at 75 cents per bottle. The signature of* C. M. JACKSON *will be on the outside wrapper of each bottle.*

In the Almanac published annually by the proprietors, called EVERYBODY'S ALMANAC, *you will find testimony and commendatory notices from all parts of the country. These Almanacs are given away by all our agents.*

For sale at the Drug Stores of Drs. Reamer & Harry, Bedford, and all other Druggists in the county.

May 20, 1859.

HEALTH AND ITS PLEASURES, OR DISEASE WITH ITS AGONIES: CHOOSE BETWEEN THEM!

Holloway's Pills.

Nervous Disorders.

What is more fearful than a breaking down of the nervous system? To be excitable or nervous in a small degree is most distressing, for where can a remedy be found? There is one:—drink but little wine, beer, or spirits, or far better none; take no coffee—weak tea being preferable; get all the fresh air you can; take three or four Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, avoiding the use of slops; and if these golden rules are followed, you will be happy in mind and strong in body, and forget you have any nerves.

Mothers and Daughters,

If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are so famous it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, and removing dangerous and suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, they never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite,

These feelings which so sadden us, most frequently arise from annoyances or trouble, from obstructed perspiration, or from eating and drinking what is unfit for us, thus disordering the liver and stomach. These organs must be regulated if you wish to be well. The Pills, if taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly restore a healthy action to both liver and stomach, whence follow as a natural consequence, a good appetite and a clear head. In the East and West Indies scarcely any other medicine is ever used for these disorders.

Disorders of the Kidneys,

In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water; or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel, or with aches and pains settled in the loins over the regions of the Kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bed time. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means have failed.

For Stomachs Out of Order.

No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills; they remove all acidity, occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasms—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and Stomach.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases.

Ague,	Inflammation,
Asthma	Jaundice,
Bilious Complaints,	Liver Complaints,
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago,
Bowel Complaints,	Piles,
Colics,	Rheumatism,
Constipation of the Bowels,	Retention of Urine,
Consumption,	Scrofula or King's Evil,
Debility,	Sore Throats,
Dropsy,	Stone and Gravel,
Dysentery,	Secondary Symptoms,
Erysipelas,	Tic-Douloureux,
Female Irregularities.	Tumours,
Fevers of all kinds,	Ulcers,
Fits,	Venereal Affections,
Gout,	Worms of all kinds,
Head-ache,	Weakness from whatever cause.
digestion,	

☞CAUTION!—None genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernible as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

***Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cts and $1 each.

☞There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

Nov. 18, 1859.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. FRANCIS M. KIMMELL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Bedford, Somerset and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace; and A. J. SNIVELY & JOHN TAYLOR, Esqs., Judges of the same Court, in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in

Iron City College

CHEAPEST! BEST!! LARGEST!!!

$35.00

Pays for Tuition in Single and Double Entry Book Keeping, Commercial Arithmetic and Lectures.

BOARD 8 WEEKS $20, STATIONARY $7. ENTIRE EXPENSES $62.

Usual time from 6 to 10 weeks. Every Student, upon graduating, is guaranteed competent to manage the books of any business, and qualified to earn a salary of from

$500 to $1000

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Review at pleasure.

First Premiums for Best Business Writing for 1856, received at Pittsburg, Philadelphia and Ohio State Fairs. Also, at the principal Fairs of the Union for the past four years.

☞Ministers' Sons received at half price.

For Circulars, Specimens and Embellished Views of the College, inclose five letter stamps to

F. W. JENKINS, Pittsburg, Pa.

Jan 13, 1860.

UNION HOTEL, BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he still keeps the Hotel, under the above name, in the old and well known Globe building, on West Pitt Street, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, where he will be happy to see all friends and the travelling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call. He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render all his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquors.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

☞Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month and year.

JONATHAN HORTON.

June 3, 1859.

MANHOOD.
HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

Just Published, in a sealed Envelope,

On the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Nervousness and Involuntary Emissions, Impotency and Mental and Physical Incapacity.

BY ROB. J. CULVERWELL, M. D.,
Author of "The Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without Medicine and without dangerous Surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal to any address, post paid, on the receipt of two postage stamps, by addressing Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE, M. D., 489 first Avenue, New YorkPost Box 4586.

Jan. 20, 1860.

ASHTOLA MILLS.
W. J. BAER & CO.,

HAVE constantly on hand at ASHTOLA, Paint township, Somerset co., Pa., all kinds of Ash, Cherry, Maple, Poplar and Spruce or Hemlock lumber, which they will sell at low prices, also, Fork, Shovel, Broom, and Hoe handles, Chair stuff of every description, together with Ballusters of any and every pattern, and also staves and heads for nail kegs, finished ready for putting together.

Bill stuff of any length and size such as Girders, Joists, Scantling &c., &c., promptly served to order

Grain and Country produce bought at current market prices, or taken in exchange for lumber or merchandize.

W. J. BAER & CO.,
Ashtola, near Johnstown, Pa.

Feb. 10 1860.–3m.

FOR SALE,
OR TRADE,

A farm containing 225 acres, in Harman's Bottom 2½ miles from Buena Vista on one side, and 2½ miles from the turnpike on the other. The soil is Ridge gravel and in a good state of cultivation, about one half cleared and balance well timbered. There is a never-failing stream of water on the premises; also several constant springs. The property is well calculated for a division into two farms. There is a long draught for meadow, The improvements are a Double Log House, a large new Bank Barn and a very large orchard of choice fruit. Buyers and dealers from Somerset and the adjacent country furnish a demand at all times on the premises for produce.—It adjoins Lewis N, Fyan's Mill property.

—ALSO—

a Farm of 166 acres, about 100 cleared, with Double Log House, New Bank Barn, and two good orchards thereon, lying on the Juniata River, two miles from Stonerstown, and half a mile from the rail road. This farm is composed of a good quality of river bottom land, 30 or 40 acres of which can be put into good meadow. The whole is now in a good state of cultivation.

—ALSO—

A farm of 118 acres of limestone land in Liberty Township near Stonerstown, known as the "John Stoler property," adjoining lands of 'Squire Kensinger, Stoler and others. The improvements are a Log House, Log Barn &c. There is good water on the premises, also an orchard of good fruit.

—ALSO—

A Brick House (two story) and two lots of ground in Bedford.

—ALSO—

A new two-story Rough-cast House and two lots of ground in Broadtop city.

—ALSO—

160 acres of the best quality of land in Harrison county, Iowa, near the Missouri, and close to the county seat.

—ALSO—

A Lot of ground in Omaha city, Nebraska.

—ALSO—

100 acres of land, in Southampton Township, Bedford county, lately owned by Wm. Lashley.

—ALSO—

A Lot of ground fronting on Main street, in the Borough of Bedford.

TERMS to suit buyers.

O. E. SHANNON,
Jan 27, 1860 Bedford, Pa

TO MERCHANTS.

WE are now receiving by each arrival from Europe, fresh additions to our stock of

FANCY GOODS,	SUSPENDERS,
VIOLINS,	PERFUMERY,
PORTE MONNAIES,	FANS
HAIR BRUSHES,	ACCORDEONS.

We have always a full line of

HOSIERY AND GLOVES, UNDERSHIRTS CRAVATS, &c. &c.

Merchants will find our stock as large and complete as that of any house in the Northern Cities, and having connections in all the

MANUFACTURING DISTRICTS OF EUROPE,

We are able and determined to sell as low as any house in this Country.

FRED. FICKEY & SONS,
250 BALTIMORE ST. BALTO.

March 16, 1860.–2m.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters testamentary upon the estate of Wm H Wentling late of Cumberland Valley township deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN WENTLING,
March 16th, 1860. Executor.

GOOD NEWS!
THE TRAIN HAS ARRIVED!

J. M. SHOEMAKER & CO., have received a very LARGE, WELL SELECTED AND CHEAP stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

which they are determined to sell cheap; consisting, in part, of Black and Fancy Silks, Bombazines, Delaines, Shawls, Calicoes, Flannels, Ginghams, Muslins, White Goods, &c. ALSO, Men's Wear of all descriptions, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinwetts, Teeds, Jeans, Cord Drillings, Clothing, &c.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS & CAPS.

A very large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes, all prices, sizes and qualities; and Hats and Caps to suit all.

ALSO, A large assortment of Queensware, and Hardware, Single and Double Carpet chain, Fleece Cotton, Carpets, &c.

GROCERIES!

This department is supplied with the very choicest articles that can be had in the market, and as cheap as can be had anywhere, consisting in part, of prime Rio Coffee, Sugar, all kinds and prices, Syrup and Molasses, Black and Green Teas, Spices, Rice, Tobacco, Segars, Corn-starch, Dye-stuffs, Cocoa, Starch, Cheese, Ginger, Candles, Mustard, Paints and Oils, Turpentine, Fish, &c., &c. Thankful for past favors they hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

To Cash Buyers and to persons of undoubted standing, who are willing to settle once a year, Great Bargains will be given. Call and see.

J. M. SHOEMAKER & Co.

March 30, 1860.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, there will be sold at public sale upon the premises, on

TUESDAY, THE 24th DAY of APRIL, NEXT, the following described Real Estate, to wit: 270 Acres, 91 perches, more or less, of choice Limestone Land, situate in Colerain Township, Bedford County, Pa., and well known as the "Frederick Smith Farm." About 200 acres are cleared and under good fence, and in a fine state of cultivation, part thereof good meadow. There are also 2 Orchards of choice fruit upon the premises. A fine stream of excellent water flows through the property. The improvements consist, in part, of a good two and a half Story Log House, and Tenant House, a new Barn, 110 feet in length, by 50 in width, constructed in the latest style, with sundry other out-buildings. This Farm is situate in that fertile Valley known as "Friend's Cove," within 6 miles of Bedford, and about the same distsnce from the termination of the "Bedford Rail Road." It is also in a pleasant neighborhood, convenient to good schools, and within 2½ miles of the "Allegheny Male and Female Seminary," at Rainsburg.

There is a fine Church also within sight, and it is surrounded by an intelligent and moral community.

This property is in every way a most desirable one, and persons desiring to purchase would do well to examine it before the time of sale.

TERMS—Will be made known on day of sale. Title indisputable. Attendance given by

HENRY F. SMITH, &
GEO. W. HOUSEHOLDER,
Executors of Frederick Smith, dec'd.

N. B. Persons wishing to examine this property, or ascertain the particulars more fully, can call upon, or address by letter, Henry F. Smith, Rainsburg, Bedford county, Pa; Geo. W. Householder, Ray's Hill, Bedford county, Pa; Mann & Spang, Bedford, Pa,

March 2d. 1860.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

NEW SPRING GOODS!
NEW SPRING GOODS!

JUST ARRIVED AT
JUST ARRIVED AT
JUST ARRIVED AT

J. REED & Co's STORE,
J. REED & Co's STORE,
J. REED & Co's STORE.

CALL AND SEE THEM!
CALL AND SEE THEM!
CALL AND SEE THEM!

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters testamentary upon the Estate of Hannah Miller, late of Londonderry township, dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber residing in Juniata township, all persons indebted to said Estate, are heaeby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

PETER F. LEHMAN,
March 16, 1860. Executor.

WATCHES GIVEN AWAY!

A GIFT valued from two dollars to one hundred dollars given with every Book sold at retail prices.

AT LEAST ONE WATCH IS GUARANTEED TO EVERY TWELVE BOOKS!

These inducements are offered by the

STOCK EXCHANGE COMPANY,
116 Washington street, Boston,

The most extensive and the most liberal Gift Concern in existence. Send for a catalogue. Those who have patronized other gift Houses are particularly requested to acquaint themselves with our terms. Our inducements are unrivalled, and put all others in the shade.

The following are some of the gifts to purchaser of books:

English Lever Gold Watches, hunting cases.
Patent Lever " " " "
Ladies' Lever " " open face.
Detatched Lever Silver Watches, hunting cases.
Lepine Silver Watches, open face.
Gold Lockets, various sizes.
Ladies' and Gents' Gold Chains various styles.
Ladies' and Gents' Gold Sleeve Buttons and Studs, all patterns.
Gents' Bosom Pins new and rich styles.
Gold Pencils and Pens.
Ladies' and Gents' Gold Rings.
Gold Watch Keys and Belt Pins.
A great variety of Ladies' Jewelry, Pins and Ear drops, comprising all the styles now worn, such as Cameo, Mosaic, Gold Stone, Lava, Florentine, &c., &c., &c., Gold Bracelets, all styles.

The List of Books comprises a great assortment of standard works in every department of literature, interesting to the young and old. Do not fail to send for a catalogue. Catalogues mailed free to any address. Apply to

SUFFOLK EXCHANGE COMPANY,
116 Washington street, Boston.
C. W. ELDRIDGE, Treasurer.

LAST NOTICE!

The Books and accounts of the Estate of Dr. G. W. Statler, dec'd, have been in the hands of A. H. Hull, Esq., for collection since November last, and but little paid. Those indebted to the Estate will save costs by calling on Mr. Hull immediately, and settling, as all must be settled by the middle of June. Mr. Hull has been ordered to proceed by law to the collection of said accounts.

A. J. STATLER,
April 13, 1860. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary, on the Estate of Rebecca McCreary, late of Napier tp. dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JAS. ALLISON,
April 6, 1860. Executor.

CALL at Shoemakers,' if you are in search of bargains, for you will be sure to get them there; they have a full Room of all kinds of goods at No 1, Anderson's Row. [april 6th, 1860.]

CHEAP Coats, Pants and Vests, just received and for sale cheap at Shoemakers' Cheap Store.

WHITE LEAD and Linseed Oil, forsale at Shoemakers' Store, Anderson's Row, No 1.

DRUGS AND BOOKS!

H. C. REAMER,
Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.

(At the Stand formerly occupied by Dr. F. C. Reamer.)

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnistine, Window Glass, Glassw received, a large stock of American, French and English perfumery. Also, a great variety of fine Soaps for toilet use. Tooth pastes, Hair Tonics, Hair Dyes, that will color various shades, from a light brown to a jet black, Tooth, Nail, Hair, Shaving, and Clothes brushes, Combs, Pocket Knives, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Segar cases, &c.

—ALSO—

Have and will keep constantly on hand, a supply of Coal Oil, Burning fluid and Camphine, with a great variety of the most modern and best style of coal oil and fluid lamps.

Pure Wines and Brandies for medical use, Flavoring Extracts and Spices of all sorts, Fine Segars, Snuffs, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

Having the agency for all the principal patent medicines in use, will keep a full supply constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Dealer in Books, &c., consisting of Geographical, Scientific, Religious, Poetical, Historical, Law, Medical, School and Miscellaneous Works, in connection with a great variety of plain and fancy Stationery, Cap, Note, Post, and Wrapping Paper, Blank Books, of every size and quality, Diaries, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Notes and Receipts.

☞Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed, with regard both to price and quality.

☞Physicians' Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day or night.

Dec. 16, 1859.

A WORD TO THE WISE.

IF YOU WANT TO GET YOUR MONEY BACK, BY GETTING MORE THAN ITS WORTH, GO TO THE CHEAP STORE OF

Oster & Carn.

THEY HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND

ATTRACTIVE STOCK

OF NEW AND CHEAP FALL AND

Winter Goods,

SELECTED WITH GREAT CARE, PURCHASED NOT ONLY TO SELL, BUT TO GIVE SATISFACTION TO THE BUYER.

THEY INVITE AN EXAMINATION OF THEIR STOCK AND PRICES, WHEN THEY WILL CONVINCE ALL THAT

THEY ARE REALLY SELLING CHEAP.

TERMS as heretofore; prompt settlement required by cash or note every January.

Bedford, Oct. 14, 1859.

D. Border,

Clock & Watch Maker

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line He has on hand, and will constantly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the best style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils. &c. &c.

April 27, 1857

BEDFORD COUNTY MAP.

I Will make a directory map of Bedford County from actual surveys, if a sufficient number of subscribers can be raised to justify me in the enterprise.

The map will be large and well finished and will show the location of all the public roads streams, boundary lines, towns, villages, Hotels, Churches, School Houses, Post Offices, stores, grist mills, saw mills &c., &c., and will contain the names of all the property holders, and show the busines that almost each one is engaged in. I will put on the same sheet maps of all the towns and large villages, also tables and statistics of the County and (if taken in time) the census of 1860. Pains will be taken to make it as reliable as any Map in the State.

July 1,'59. EDW'D. L. WALKER.

J. W. SCOTT.

(Late of the firm of Winchester & Scott.)

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store and

SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

No. 814 Chestnut Street,

(Nearly opposite the GIRARD HOUSE,)

PHILADELPHIA.

J. W. SCOTT, would respectfully call the attention of his former friends to his new Store, and is prepared to fill orders for SHIRTS at short notice. A perfect fit guarantied. COUNTRY TRADE supplied with FINE SHIRTS and COLLARS.

October, 8, 1859–1y.

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Steel Spectacles, with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF A VALUABLE FARM

By virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Bedford County the undersigned will sell at public sale on Thursday, the 26th. day of April, inst. on the premises, all that Valuable Farm late the residence of Abraham Lingenfelter, dec'd., situate in Napier Township, Bedford County, adjoining lands of Blackburns Heirs, Fred Miller, Mahlon Blackburn and Lloyd Lundy, containing 232 acres and allowance, patented land, more or less, about 125 acres cleared and under cultivation—about 20 acres meadow, and a good Apple Orchard thereon; improvements, two Log Houses, and a double log barn, an abundance of good water.—This property is in a pleasant neighbourhood, convenient to churches, schools and market.

TERMS:—$1600.00 in hand at the confirmation of sale; one half of the remainder in one year thereafter, and the other half in two years—to be secured by Judgement bonds, or bonds and mortgage—If the purchaser so desires, a part of the purchase money will be left in the place during the lifetime of the Widow.—

Sale to begin at 10 o'clock on said day.

DAVID LINGENFELTER,
March 30th, '60. Administrator.

FAMILY BIBLES

and all varieties of the Holy Scriptures, of the best quality, and at low prices, are always on hand at Bedford Bible Depository, Store of Sam'l Shuck & Co. [March 23d, 1860.

HUNTINGDON and BROAD TOP R. R.

On and after Monday, November 14th, THE PASSENGER TRAIN, BETWEEN HUNTINGDON AND HOPEWELL, will leave, and arrive as follows:

Leave HUNTINGDON for HOPEWELL, at 7. 40 A. M.

Leave HOPEWELL for HUNTINGDON, at 10 20 A. M.

Connecting at HUNTINGDON with MAIL TRAIN EAST AT 1. 10 P. M., and arriving in PHILADELPHIA at 10. 25 P. M. The train from HUNTINGDON, at 7 40 A. M., connects with EXPRESS TRAIN WEST on PENN'A R. R.

J. J. LAWRENCE,
Huntingdon, Nov. 18,'59. Su'pt.

BEDFORD CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.

REV. JOHN LYON,
T. LYTTLETON LYON, A. M., } PRINCIPALS.

THE Spring session of this Institution will open on Friday, the 17 day of February 1860.

It is the design of the Principals, to make this Academy, in all respects, a first class Institution, for the thorough instruction of youth of both sexes, and to prepare them for any profession or position in life.

The high moral and scientific tone of the school is well known to this community, and a strict discipline will be enforced.

A few boys, (the number is limited to ten,) will be received into the family of the Principals, as boarders.

The beauty of the scenery and the salubrity of the climate render Bedford a most desirable location for such a school.

Persons from abroad, visiting at the Springs, can be near their children during the summer.

It is desirable that pupils should enter at the commencement of the session, and no pupil will be received for less than one quarter.

TERMS. } $200 per year, including boarding, washing, fuel, light, and Tuition in all the branches.

Per Quarter. } Terms for day scholars: $8.—English Branches. $7.50, Classical do &c.

June 10,'59.

Allegheny Male and Female Seminary,

RAINSBURG, Pa.

FACULTY.

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B., Principal, Prof. of Languages and Philosophy.
Wm. S. Smith, Prof. of Mathematics.
Jas. H. Miller, Adjunct Prof. of Mathematics.
Rev. B. F. Stevens, Lecturer on Moral Philosophy &c.
Wm. A. Stephens, Prof. of English Grammar &c.
Dr. J. Hughes, Lecturer on Anatomy &c.
Mrs. E. V. Osborne, Preceptress, Teacher of Drawing French, Botany &c.
B. F. Drott, Prof. of Instrumental Music.

Price of Tuition for term of 11 weeks.

Common English Branches	$3 25
Higher Branches, including common, each	80
Latin and Greek, each	2 00
German and French, each	2 50
Book-keeping and Commercial calculations	1 50
ORNAMENTAL.	
Drawing	2 50
Colored crayon, and water colors, each	3 00
Oil painting	5 00
Hair and wax flowers, each	3 00
Pellis work	3 00
Embroidery	1 50
Piano music, with use of instrument	10 00

Board $1 75 per week including room rent, fuel, furniture &c. This is one of the best, and cheapest institutions in the country. The whole expense per term need not be more than twenty-five dollars.—Second Quarter of summer session commences April the 5th, 1860.

Teachers will be instructed free of charge in the Normal Department.

For particulars, address the Principal.

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B.
Rainsburg, Bedford co., April 22, 1859.

BEDFORD FOUNDRY!

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs. Washabaugh and Bannon, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for

Grist and Saw-mills, Threshing Machines *Ploughs, Apple-mills, Cooking,* TEN PLATE, AND COAL STOVES, SLED AND Sleigh soles, wash kettles, of different sizes, wagon boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article), oven doors, and every thing usually made in a country Foundry.

Ploughs,—Woodcock, Seyler and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS.—Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the emergencies of the times, we will

sell low for CASH, or country produce.

Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

feb25,'59-1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the subscriber will expose to sale, by public outcry, on the premises, on Friday, the 20th day of April, 1860, the following real estate, late the property of John Roudebush, deceased, viz: A tract of land containing about thirty one acres, with about an acre and a half cleared and under fence, with a good spring of water upon it, situate in Union Township in said county, adjoining the mansion place of said decedent and lands of Thomas Lingenfelter.

Sale to commence at one o'clock, P. M. of said day. Terms—One third of the purchase money at the confirmation of the sale—one third on the first day of October, 1860, and the remaining third on the first day of April 1861, the purchaser to give a judgment bond for the two payments. Immediate possession of the property will be given.

GEORGE M. HOLSINGER,
Adm'r of J. Roudebush, dec'd.
March, 23d, 1860.–4t.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform the travelling public, that he has established a tri-weekly line of stages between Bedford and Latrobe. The route is that of the old Philadelphia Turnpike, leading from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, being one of the best coach roads in the Union.

Passengers will REACH

trains of cars for Pittsburg as early as by going to Hollidaysburg or Johnstown. The fare to Pittsburg on this route is *Four Dollars and Twenty Cents* being

THREE DOLLARS CHEAPER

than on any other route from Bedford to that point Coaches leave the Bedford Hotel, Bedford, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, at 6½ o'clock, and the Depot at Latrobe every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, after the arrival of the mail train from Pittsburg.

JOSEPH A. GARMAN.

Feb 24,'60.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
S. E. Cor. 11th & Market Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA.

W. KANAGA, }
M. McVEY, } PROPRIETORS.

Feb. 3, 1860.

Bedford Hotel.
AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, a present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞*All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

MRS. S. E. POTTS

HAS just returned from the cities with a large and full assortment of

WINTER GOODS,

consisting of French Merino Valencias, Thibet Cloths, of all shades, all wool Delaine Robes, Silks of all styles, handsome Silk Robes, with double skirts, elegant Winter Cloaks, Velvet Bonnets, and an endless assortment of GAY SILK BONNETS, trimmed and untrimmed, ribbons and plumes, and French Flowers, with a general assortment of all kinds of goods.

Bedford, Nov. 4th, 1859.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Aschom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best Eastern make. Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASCHOM.

Nov. 11, 1859

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONARY.

THE undersigned has just received and keeps constantly on hand the following articles:—

Coffee, sugar, molasses, cheese, crackers, currants, prunes, raisins, figs, almonds, filberts, cocoa nuts, ground nuts, pecans, Eng. walnuts, cream nuts, candies in variety, oranges, lemons, tobacco and cigars, allspice and pepper, spices of all kinds, baking soda, cream of tartar, sulphur, brimstone, canister and keg powder, shot, caps and lead, grain and grass scythes, whetting tools, wash tubs and boards, indigo, extract logwood, copperas, alum and madder, oil, polish and Mason's blacking, sweeping, dusting stove, shoe and scrubbing, brushes, clothes, hair, tooth and flesh brushes, hat and infant brushes, hair oils and perfumery, purses and port monaies, pocket and memorandum books, bonnet and round gum combs, "ridding" and fine combs, bracelets and beads, pens, pen-holders, penknives, scissors, knife-sharpeners, umbrellas, suspenders, spool cotton and floss, clocks, small looking glasses, violins, violin strings, toy watches, watch chains, curry combs, cards, horse brushes, shoe-thread, pegs and sparables, Johnson's Arabian Liniment, Rock and Little's White Oil, Merchant's celebrated Gargling Oil, for man or beast, and many other articles of a similar nature. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

June 17,'59.–1y.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY
AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Castings of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Sonderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1858.

TO MILL OWNERS!—

S. D. BROAD has made Schellsburg his permanent residence, and is prepared to do all kinds of work in the Mill Wright line, on the most approved and durable plans, and reasonable terms.

He has on hand the most improved Smut and Screening Machines, Mill Brushes, Anchor Bolting Cloths, both new and old, at city prices. Mill Burs can be procured from him and shipped to any point.

Also—Agent for McCormick's Reaper and Mower for Bedford and Blair Counties.

S. D. BROAD.

Schellsburg, Bedford Co., }
March 4, 1859. }

American Life Insurance & Trust Co.
CAPITAL Stock, $500,000.

COMPANY'S BUILDING, WALNUT STREET,
S. E. CORNER OF FOURTH, PHILADELPHIA.

LIFE insurance at the usual mutual rates, at about 20 per cent less, or at total abstinence rates, at the lowest in the world.

J. C. SIMS, Secretary. A. WHILLDIN, President.
JOHN J. SCHELL, Agent,
Jan. 27, 1860. Bedford, Pa.

GREAT WESTERN INS. &—
TRUST COMPANY.

Capital and available assets, over $300,000

Fire, Inland and Marine Cargo risks taken on the most favorable terms.

C. C. LATHROP, Pres't.
JAMES WRIGHT, Sec'y.
[aug. 15,'59.] JOHN P. REED, Agent.

DENTIST.

C. N. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.

Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

JACOB REED, G. W. RUPP, J. J. SCHELL.

REED, RUPP & SCHELL,

BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

REFERENCES.

HON. JOB MANN,	Bedford,	Pa.
" JOHN CESSNA,	"	"
JOHN MOWER,	"	"
R. FORWARD,	Somerset,	"
RUNN, RAIGUEL & Co.,	Phil	"
J. WATT & Co.,	Pittsbur	"
J. W. CURLEY, & Co.,		

Commonwealth Insurance Company.

UNION BUILDINGS, THIRD STREET,
HARRISBURG, PA.

CHARTERED CAPITAL, $300,000.

Insure buildings or other property against loss or damage by Fire.

—ALSO—

AGAINST PERILS OF THE SEA, INLAND NAVIGATION & TRANSPORTATION.

DIRECTORS:

SIMON CAMERON, JAMES FOX, WM. H. KEPNER, F. K. BOAS, ELI SLIFER, GEO. M. LAUMAN, GEO. BERGNER, A. B. WARFORD, J. B. BERRYHILL, WM. DOCK, BENJ. PARKE, W. F. MURRY, W. F. PACKER,

OFFICERS:

SIMON CAMERON, President.
BENJAMIN PARKE, Vice-President.
S. S. CARRIER, Secretary.
J. W. LINGENFELTER, Agent.
Bedford, Pa. Office on Juliana Street.
Oct. 21, 1859.–1y.

Pennsylvania Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH,

OFFICE, NO 63 FOURTH STREET.

Capital And Surplus over $150,000. 00.

DIRECTORS.

JACOB PAINTER, C. A. COLTON, N. VOEGHTLY, RODY PATTERSON, A. A. CARRIER, I. G. SPROUL, HENRY SPROUL, A. J. JONES, G. W. SMITH, WADE HAMPTON, ROB'T PATRICK, J. H. HOPKINSE

This Company has paid losses from the date of its incorporation in 1854, up to May, 1859, to amount of $302,835, 07, in addition to regular semi-annual Dividends of from 5 to 15 per cent affording evidence of its stability and usefulness.

LOSSES LIBERALLY ADJUSTED, AND PROMPTLY PAID.

A. A. CARRIER, Pres't, J. G. SPROUL, Sec'y.
J. J. Lingenfelter, Agent. Office at Bedford Pa.
September 2, 1859.–1yr.

CESSNA & SHANNON—

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

JOHN P. REED—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

O. H. GAITHER—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Pitt street, two doors east of the Gazette office. He will also attend to any surveying business that may be entrusted to him. [Nov. 4, '59.]

J. C. DICKEN—

Attorney at Law, Pittsburg, Pa.

WILL attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

July 1, 1859.–1y.

JOHN BORDER—

GUNSMITH, BEDFORD, PA.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN—

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

WOULD hereby notify the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.–tf.

MANN & SPANG—

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate. JOB MANN

Aug. 1, 1859. G. H. SPANG.

J. W. LINGENFELTER—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND LAND SURVEYOR.

Will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

WILL PRACTICE IN BEDFORD AND FULTON COUNTIES.

☞Office three doors North of the "Inquirer" Office.

DR. B. F. HARRY—

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

Aug. 1, 1859.

DR. F. C. REAMER—

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Aug. 1, 1859.

DR. J. K. BERKEBILE,
St. Clairsville,
BEDFORD CO., PA.,

Respectfully tenders his services to the citizens that place and vicinity. [jan 13, 1860]

TO BUILDERS.—

The subscriber is fully preprred to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths.—Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice. F. D. BEEGLE.